Gettysburg Compiler.

100TH YEAR | GETTYSBURG, PA., SATURDAY, FEBRUARY 2, 1918 | NO. 25

BESSIE TODDES GUILTY

OF KEEPING A BAWDY HOUSE FOR PRACTICE OF FORNICATION

The Well Proven Case was Quickly Sustained by Jury with Verdict in Fifteen Minutes.

The Quarter Sessions Court of January 1918 will be remembered for its one criminal trial, that of Commonwealth vs. Bessie Toddes, charged with being the keeper of a bawdy house for the practice of fornication, and found guilty.

The trial lasted three days, from Monday to Wednesday evening and was notable for the dignity and order observed in the court room. Judge McPherson at the start made it plain that there was to be no standing in the aisles and no levity. He stated that the law forbid the blocking of aisles of places of public gathering and asked that all in the aisles be seated or leave the room. Boys under 21 were excluded from the court room and with audience seated, aisles clear and no levity it was a demonstration that had the unqualified approval of our people.

The case as a side issue illustrated the successful work of District Attorney Topper and the State Police under Sergeant Gearhart during the past summer in suppressing this species of lawlessness. Witnesses told of the breaking up of a bawdy house at Knoxlyn ,one on the Bonneuville road, and one on Carlisle road. Also how two Harrisburg girls at the Toddes place were driven out of town. But the one place giving the authorities more concern than all others was the one in question and it was an easy inference from all the circumstances that if this place [illegible] feature of [illegible] would be out of commission [illegible] situation vastly improved.

The [illegible] ant was on a three-fold char[illegible]

First the testimony of Lieut. [illegible] Gearhart and his men, Ro[illegible] Gardner, of the State Police. The two latter were brought to town the day of the proposed raid, November 10, disguised as soldiers. They went into the house, No. 15, Chambersburg Street, and found defendant there and girls and two of the latter were ready with propositions for money and one went so far as to undress. The State police arrested them. The testimony of the police was so clear that from the start it was evident that they had a case from which it would be difficult to escape.

Next Violet Hoh, one of the girls arrested, and serving sentence in jail, told her story. It was told in a matter of fact way as though it was an ordinary matter of business. She arrived at the Toddes house earlier that week and testified to directions given her by defendant to charge each man $3 and give her $1, and stated on one afternoon and evening she had nine soldiers. The defendant told her to make an officer pay $10 as he had been a regular customer of the place. This miserable story was corroborated at various points. Phyllis Ackerman, in jail for the same offense added to it and their whole story was practically uncontradicted.

Third, a number of town people living on Chambersburg street and other portions of the town testified that the reputation of the house was bad, as a house of ill-fame, and this reputation was made up of what was heard from soldiers and other town people. Soldiers were inquiring the way to the place. Employes at the garage told of public spectacles at the windows, of a girl smoking cigarette and calling to a man to come up, of a girl sitting in lap of a soldier with her arms around him. There was a constant stream of soldiers to the place. Sergeant Gearhart on November 7 counted 40 soldiers enter the house and on November 9, 60 soldiers, and others spoke of same condition and of defendant's presence at place. The witnesses of this phase of the case were Hon. Wm. H. Tipton, William King, Rev. F. E. Taylor, Carl Menchey, John Spangler and Johnson, the steward at the Elks' Home. When the Commonwealth closed its case there was no question that many believed the guilt of defendant clearly established and that the testimony of Violet Hoh was true that defendant had received $1 per man from this woman.

The defendant's whole case was the testimony of Tom Ambrazie, the Greek, with whom defendant has been running the restaurant on the northwest corner of Chambersburg and Washington streets. He said he leased No. 15 Chambersburg street and he made a poor stagger at trying to assume the responsibility for occurences there.

District Atorney Topper made the first address to the jury, followed by Geo. J. Benner, Esq., for the defendant, and John D. Keith, Esq., concluded for the Commonwealth. The charge of Judge McPherson was concluded about ten minutes before five o'clock Wednesday afternoon and shortly after the clock struck five the jury brought in a verdict of guilty.

There is one phase of this case which deserves investigation at the hands of our Town Council. Tom Ambrazie testified that he had paid policemen to watch the house and prevent any disturbance there. The Town Council has permitted night watchmen to prevent fire but not to prevent disturbances at a bawdy house and it is up to the Town Council to know what amounts were paid their polimeman and what the service was for.

When the regular January court convened on Monday morning, it was found that the snow storm had prevented the attendance of a majority of constables and Grand Jury. The returns of constables began with six and as batches of six and ten got to court Monday and Tuesday their returns were received. As the roads were out of sight from snow the constables found nothing to report effecting the peace and good order of the county.

Monday afternoon enough grand jurymen were present to be charged, Dorsey Dougherty being appointed foreman.

The Grand Jury acted upon two bills of indictment.

Com. vs. Bessie Toddes, charged with keeping a bawdy house was found a true bill and as soon as reported to the court the selection of a jury began.

Com. vs. Viola Duttera, charged with larceny of a diamond ring was found a true bill and defendant filed a plea of guilty.

The Grand Jury were discharged on Monday afternoon.

Com. vs. Joseph Grimes, charged with larceny, defendant plead guilty and sentence was suspended.

Com. vs. Emanuel Bingaman, charged with assault and battery and surety of the peace by Margaret Bingaman was settled and costs paid. Also another case brought against same for assault. He plead guilty to and sentence was suspended defendant entering into recognizance in [illegible] to keep the peace and be of good [illegible]

[illegible] Keller, constable of Littlestown, and J. Howard Kichline, of Bendersville, were appointed tipstaves for the week.

[illegible] Saturday by [illegible]

[illegible] Weaver, administrator of estate of [illegible] of Oxford township, balance $12.

George L. Lord, executor of the last will and testament of Elizabeth Jordy, late of Berwick borough, balance $333.30.

Sarah L. Livingston, executrix of the last will of William Yount, late of Littlestown, balance $457.08.

Sarah L. Livingston, administratrix of the last will of William Yount, late of Littlestown, balance $12,255.25.

Edna M. Lilly, executrix of the last will and testament of John I. Lilly, late of Hanover, no balance.

Jacob A. Appler, executor of the last will and testament of James Topper, late of Mt. Joy township, balance $300.00.

Robert H. Shull, executor of the last will and testament of John A. Shull, late of Franklin township, balance $31,409.44.

E. Oscar Deardorff, executor of the last will and testament of Mary M. Deardorff, late of Straban township, balance $323.

Sadie Hoffman, administratrix of the estate of William Spangler, late of Gettysburg, balance $4,299.17.

The court filed an opinion in the matter of exceptions to the report of viewers laying out a road in Mt. Joy township, extending from a point in or near Mud College School House, the exceptions being overruled and the road confirmed.

In case of C. B. Hoffman vs. E. D. Hudson, in which the jury returned $1400 damages by reason of an auto accident, the court filed an opinion overruling the motion for new trial and judgment was entered on the verdict for $1400. The court held that the verdict was not excessive when plaintiff had actual expenses of $275 by reason of the accident and lost six months of his earning capacity.

In the case of Lewis and Charles Myers, executors of Andrew Myers vs. Luther Stambaugh, the court filed an opinion holding that the plaintiffs could give a good deed for the 51 acres in Reading township and that defendant pay the consideration of $1865.

The court filed an order fixing the first Monday of June of each year as the day upon which matters pertaining to the naturalization of aliens should be heard by the court.

The report of J. L. Butt, Esq., auditor to dispose of exceptions and make distribution of that part of the estate of W. W. Hafer, deceased, held by the Gettysburg Trust Company for W. Lavere Hafer, was filed and confirmed nisi. The question involved was the commission to be charged by the trustee. They asked 5 per cent and the auditor allowed two and a half.

The account of Wm. Hersh, assignee of H. T. Kahn, was confirmed showing a balance of $4233.42 for distribution, and S. S. Neely, Esq., was appointed auditor to make distribution.

Clarde E. Weaver, guardian of Annie Mary Small, was given authority to convey the minor's interest in real estate.

John Sanders was appointed constable of New Oxford to fill the unexpired term of Wm. N. Hensel.

Petition was presented to open confirmation of $5000 appraisement and to set aside appraisement of real estate in estate of John Barnitz, de-

(Continued on page 4).

WORK OF GRIM REAPER

DEATH OF LUTHERAN MINISTER, NATIVE OF COUNTY.

Mrs. Blocher, of White Hall, Dies from Effects of a Fall, in Her Ninety-first Year.

Rev. Wilmer A. Hartman, the Lutheran minister at Middletown, Md., and a native of Adams county, died on last Saturday in his 48th year. He had been in delicate health since last May when he had typhoid fever. He graduated from Gettysburg College in 1895, and from Seminary here in 1898. He was a pastor of the Lutheran Church at Wheeling ten years, and Pittsburgh six years and several years at Middletown. He leaves a wife who was a Miss Snyder, of Arendtsville, and two daughters at home. He is survived by the following brothers and sisters: Mrs. L. H. Rice and Mrs. Hiram Lady, of Arendtsville; Edgar Hartman, of Bendersville; George Hartman, of Biglerville; Harvey Hartman, of Salem, Va.

Mother Aloysia, directress of St. Joseph's Academy, McSherrystown, for eleven years, died in Philadelphia on January 24 aged 45 years, and in the 31st year of her religious life. After her work at McSherrystown she went to Our Lady of Victory Convent, Philadelphia, where she had been for past four years.

Mrs. Mary Blocher, widow of the late John Blocher, died January 20, at the home of her nephew, John Starely, near White Hall, from the effects of a broken hip sustained in a fall about four weeks ago. She was aged 91 years, 5 months and 28 days. The funeral was on last Saturday, with interment at St. Luke's Church. She leaves one son, Daniel A. Blocher, of Hanover, and one daughter, Mrs. Sevan J. Starely, of White Hall.

George W. Moul, [illegible] aged 73 [illegible] Funeral was held on Monday, services by Rev. F. C. Stewart, and interment at Hampton. He leaves besides his wife the following children: Elmer Moul, of York Springs; Miss Alice Moul, residing in Michigan; J. Wm. Moul, of New Oxford; Charles R. Moul, of Iron Ridge; Mrs. Calvin Deardorff, and Mrs. Alexander Miller, of Harrisburg. Also one sister, Mrs. Jacob Wolf, of Abbottstown; two brothers, Levi Moul, of Thomasville, and Jacob Moul, of York.

Mrs. Matilda Slaybaugh Johnson, widow of David Johnson, died in Bendersville last Friday aged 82 years, 10 months and 10 days. She had lived in Boiling Springs many years, moving to Bendersville after the death of her husband 16 years ago, and was known to a wide circle of friends as Aunt Tillie. The funeral was on Monday, services by Rev. W. D. E. Scott and interment in Bendersville Cemetery. She leaves one brother, Isaac Slaybaugh, of Abilene, Kan.; and a step-daughter, Miss Mary Johnson, of Boiling Springs.

Timothy P. Frasier, of New Oxford, died on Monday aged 56 years, 1 month and 28 days. He followed tailoring for 35 years in New Oxford and recently had been working in furniture factories in this place. Funeral on Thursday, services by Rev. Wm. E. Garrett, interment in New Oxford Cemetery. He leaves a second wife who was Miss Margaret Stallsmith, and a son, Vernon Frasier, at home.

Mrs. Mellie Romaine Rudisill, wife of Allen Rudisill, died January 23, in Jackson township, in her 35th year, brothers and four sisters among latter, Mrs. Curtis Hamm, of East Berlin.

Mrs. Dora Shully Reed, wife of Charles F. Reed, of Hamiltonban township, died on Tuesday in her 27th year. The funeral was on Friday with interment at Fairfield. She leaves her mother, Mrs. Frederick Shully, her husband and these daughters and sons: Mrs. Amos Tressler, of Orrtanna; Mrs. Jason Sanders and Lloyd Reed, of near Fairfield; and Hazel, Martha, Rubena, Allen, Gloria, Hermon, and Woodrow Reed, at home. She also leaves three brothers and four sisters.

Jacob N. Witmor, son of Mr. and Mrs. George Witmor, former residents of this county, died in Penbrook, Dauphin county, on Monday, aged 19 years, and 22 days. He leaves two sisters and four brothers, Mrs. Viola Dare, Penbrook; Thelma, George, Russell, William and Charles at home.

Mrs. Sallie Benham, a daughter of the late Edward Little, of Gettysburg, died in Washington on Wednesday. The body will be brought to Gettysburg Saturday morning and Interment will be in the Evergreen Cemetery.

Erie h[illegible] m r-

George F. Beard died on Monday in Waynesboro in his 85th year. He was born at Fountaindale, this county, and was the last of ten children, living the larger part of his life in this county, moving to Waynesboro about 30 years ago. His

(Continued on page 4.)

U. S. WAR SAVINGS STAMPS

AN ABSOLUTELY SAFE WAY—LOAN TO U. S.

The Way to Save and at Same Time Help to Finance Uncle Sam in War Times.

Go to any bank or post office, department store, drug store, cigar store, or any store showing the W. S. S. sign.

When you get inside look for the stamp window or counter where they are selling War Savings Stamps.

Pay 25c and the man at the window will give you a U. S. Government Thrift Stamp and a Thrift Card.

Paste your Thrift Stamp on your Thrift Card.

When you feel like saving another 25c buy another Thrift Stamp and paste it on the same card.

When you have pasted sixteen of these Thrift Stamps on your Thrift Card take this card to any bank or post office, or store that sells W. S. S. Give it to the man at the Savings Stamp window or counter.

Also give him 13c.

The man will give you a W. S. S.—a United States War Savings Stamp.

He will also give you a U. S. War Savings Certificate.

A War Savings Certificate is a pocketsize folder on which you can paste 20 War Savings Stamps.

Paste your war Savings Stamp on your War Savings Certificate.

Take good care of it as it is worth $4.13.

On January 1st, 1923, the U. S. Government buys this War Savings Certificate from you. It pays you $5 for every stamp pasted on it.

Your profit is 4 per cent interest compounded quarterly. This is more than 4 1-4 per cent simple interest.

It's a good profit and it is guaranteed to you by the U. S. Government—the safest guarantee in the world.

If you should need your money back at any time any post office will pay you back with 4 per cent simple interest.

The following is the list of Adams county agencies for the sale of Thrift Stamps. Get the habit of buying them.

Abbottstown.

M. S. Baker, Gen. Store.
Postmaster.

Arendtsville.

The Nat. Bank of Arendtsville.
H. W. Trostle, Gen. Store.
Postmaster.

Aspers.

Penn Tile Works.
Wiest & Wiest, Gen. Store & P. O.
F. F. Wright, Station Agt., Bendersville.

Bendersville.

The Bendersville National Bank.
S. B. Gochenour, Merchant.
F. F. Wright, Station Agt.
Postmaster.

Biglerville.

Biglerville National Bank.
S. G. Bigham, Merchant.
Thomas Bros., Merchants.
Chas. B. Miller, Druggist.
Postmaster.

Cashtown.

R. D. Bream, Gen. Store & P. O.

East Berlin.

People's State Bank.
East Berlin National Bank.
L. W. Feiser, Harness Mfg.
Eugene Elgin, M.D.
Postmaster.

Fairfield.

The First National Bank of Fairfield.
Jacob Musselman, Gen. Store.
G. M. Neely, Merchant.

Gardners.

G. C. Myers, Gen. Store & P. O.

Gettysburg.

First National Bank.
Gettysburg National Bank.
Citizens' Trust Co.
G. A. Stallsmith, Merchant.
People's Drug Store.
H. C. Picking, Treas. Pa. College.
G. W. Weaver & Son, Dry Gods.
J. A. Cox, P. & R. Agt.
C. A. Blocher, Jeweler.
Reaser Furniture Co.
H. B. Bender, Merchant.
H. B. Sefton, Barber.
W. H. Tipton, Photographer.
J. T. Sherman & Son, Merchants.
Thomas Newman, Gen. Store.
M. K. Eckert, Merchant.
J. D. Lippy, Tailor.
National Garage Co.
Adams Co. Hdw. Co.
J. A. Cornwall, Agt., American Express Co.
W. F. Gilliland, Grocer.
Dougherty & Hartley, Mdse.
Roy P. Funkhouser, Merchant.
Rogers, Martin Co., Tailors.
C. W. Myers, Agt. W. M. Ry. Co.
J. P. Wineman, Merchant.
Robt. Caldwell, Supt. Water Co.
Ira D. Plank, Garage.
Postmaster.

Guldens.

Geo. F. Duttera, Gen. Store & P. O.

Hanover.

Bethlehem Mines, Corp., C. R. Orndorff, Supt.

Heidlersburg.

W. J. Shepard, Gen. Store.
W. S. Houck, Mdse. & P. O.

Kingsdale.

S. C. Reaver, Gen. Store & P. O.

Littlestown.

Geo. S. Kump, Gen. Mdse.
John A. Mayers, Men's Furn.
Geo. Eisenlohr & Bros., Cigar Mfg.
The Littlestown National Bank.
Littlestown Savings Institution.
Baschoar & Mehring, Hdw.
Chaster Spangler, Drug Store.
Wm. S. Menges, Miller.
C. A. Yoost, Gen. Merchant.
Postmaster.

McKnightstown.

C. W. Johnson, Gen. Mdse.
W. C. Andrew, Gen. Mdse.
Postmaster.

McSherrystown.

Farmers' National Bank, McSherrystown.
A. J. Brady & Son, Gen. Mdse.
F. V. Topper, Barber.
Postmaster.

New Oxford.

Farmers' & Merchants' Nat. Bank.
E. C. Livingston, Shoe Mfg.
Sheely & Bros., Merch. & Dry Goods.
J. F. Reckroth, Grocer.
Postmaster.

Seven Stars.

R. T. Little, Gen. Store.
Postmaster.

York Springs.

Geo. W. Emmert, Mdse.
C. M. Boyer, Gen. Store.
First Nat. Bank of York Springs.
Postmaster.

WEDDINGS.

Dubbs—Kneller.—Allen A. Dubbs, of Gettysburg, and Miss Onedia E. Kneller, of Hanover, were married in York, Tuesday, January 22. The bride is the oldest daughter of Mr. and Mrs. William Kneller, of Hanover. Following the ceremony Mr. and Mrs. Dubbs left on a ten days' wedding trip to Baltimore and other places. On their return they will reside with the groom's mother, in Gettysburg, where the groom is employed as a tailor.

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Zincand—Dosch.—Mrs. Mary E. L. A. Dosch, of Waynesboro, has sent out announcements of the marriage so not Mr. and Mrs. William Zincand of her daughter, Miss Mary Jane Dosch, to William Campbell Zinkand, [illegible] Highway [illegible] room. The marriage took place on Tuesday in Waynesboro, by the Rev. J. Marshall Kennerford. The bride wore an attractive gown of crepe meteor and carried a shower bouquet of brides roses and sweet peas. Following the ceremony a wedding breakfast was served after which Mr. and Mrs. Zincand left on a wedding trip to Baltimore, Washington, and Philadelphia. Upon their return they will reside in Gettysburg.

***

Deatrich—Hoffman.—M. S. Quay Deatrich, son of Mr. and Mrs. Chas. Deatrich, of New Oxford, and Miss Clara Hoffman, daughter of John Hoffman, of New Chester, were united in marriage at Gettysburg, Saturday morning, January 26 in the Methodist parsonage, by Rev. Dr. R S. Oyler. The groom was home on a short wedding furlough being a private at Camp Meade. Mrs. Deatrich wil make her home for the present with her sister-in-law, Mrs. John Deatrich, in New Oxford.

***

George—Wright.—A beautiful wedding took place at the Church of God parsonage, Carlisle, on last Saturday evening when Richard H. George and Mary Evelyn Wright, both from Gardner's, were united in marriage by the Rev. Dr. A. P. Stover, pastor o fthe Church of God, assisted by Evangelist S. A. Kipe, from Emmitsburg, Md. The bride and groom were accompanied by the bride's brother, Charles Wright, and wife and son Stirling. Mr. and Mrs. George will reside at Gardners.

***

Weikert—Wavell.—Thursday evening at the home of the bride on Steinwehr avenue, Dr. R. S. Oyler married Miss Anna Hazel Wavell, daughter of Mr. and Mrs. William Wavell, and Robert J. Weikert. The bridegroom is a tailor employed by J. W. Brehm. After April first they will be at home at 46 South street.

***

Bunty—Ennis.—Miss Ruth D. Ennis, a daughter of Mrs. John R. Bittinger, of near Hanover, and Emanuel A. Bunty of the West End, Hanover, were married Jan. 25, at Chester. Miss Ennis is a granddaughter of the late John R. Stine, of Hanover, having resided with her mother and step-father at Bittinger for a number of years. The young couple will reside in Chester where Mr. Bunty is holding a position with the Westinghouse Company.

***

Kauffman—Strohman.—On Jan. 13, at York, by the Rev. S. Stein, Herbert C. Kauffman, son of Mr. and Mrs. Lewis G. Kauffman, of East Berlin, and Miss Caroline L. Strohman, of York, were united in marriage.

***

McCullon — Livelsperger.—M. T. McCullon, proprietor of Hotel O'Bold, Hanover, and Miss Mary Livelsperger, of Hanover, were married at a nuptial mass in St. Joseph's Catholic Church, Hanover, by the Very Rev. James A. Huber, on Monday morning. The attendants were Mr. and Mrs. John Storm, of Gettysburg. The bride is a daughter of James Livelsberger, of Conewago, and has been residing in Hanover for some time. The groom on January 21st took charge of Hotel O'Bold.

WANTED—Men who desire to earn over $125.00 per month write us to-day for position as salesman; every opportunity for advancement. Central Petroleum Co., Cleveland, Ohio.

PERSONAL POINTS OF VIEW

COMINGS AND GOINGS INTO AND OUT OF THE TOWN.

Social and Other Individual Happenings and Other Local Items of Interest.

—R. C. Miller has returned from Camp Meade to spend several days at his home on Baltimore street.

—Mr. and Mrs. Madison A. Garner have returned to their home on Carlisle avenue after spending some time with relatives in Virginia.

—Joel Barbehenn has returned to Martinsburg, W. Va., after a visit at the Barbehenn home, North Stratton street.

—Miss Nannie Rudisill, of York, visited at the home of her father, Franklin Rudisill, Lincoln avenue, this week.

—Mrs. J. M. Baker has returned to her home in Lancaster after a visit with Rev. and Mrs. J. B. Baker, York street.

—Mrs. M. Metz, of Philadelphia, spent several days recently at the home of her sister, Mrs. J. Glass, Baltimore street.

—Miss Grace Berger, of Baltimore, is visiting her sister, Mrs. Norman Reichle, at her home on West Middle street.

—Winfield Dubbs, U. S. N., visited his mother, Mrs. Dubbs, at her home on Centre Square, several days this week.

—Mr. and Mrs. P. M. Bruner, Chambersburg street, have returned from a week's visit in Philadelphia and Camp Hill.

—Mrs. Lynn Sheads and family are spending some time with Mrs. John Sneads at her home near town.

—Miss Ethel Peters and Miss Martha Peters, of Biglerville, spent Sunday with Miss Tressie Orner at her home, on Hanover street.

—Edgar Miller, of Wilmington, Del., spent the week end at the home of his parents, Hon. and Mrs. E. P. Miller, York street.

—Mr. and Mrs. Dorsey Weikert and child have returned to their home at Haddon Heights, N. J., after a visit with Mr. and Mrs. Charles J. Weikert, Hanover street.

—Rev. W. S. Herman and daughter of Harrisburg, were visitors at the home of Mr. and Mrs. O. J. Benner, York street, this week.

—Capt. Frederick A. Smith, of the Quartermaster's Corps, who with his family has been making his home in town since the opening of camp last summer, has been ordered to Rahway, N. J. Mrs. Smith and son left fo rtheir new home on Thursday.

—Earl Deardorff and Russell Stauffer, of Camp Meade, spent Sunday at their homes here.

—Sergt. John W. Hartman has returned to Camp Meade after spending a week's furlough at his home on East High street.

—Master Roland Martin entertained a number of his young friends very enjoyably on Thursday evening at a masquerade party at his home on Broadway.

—On account of the deep snow and the drifted sidewalks the public schools were closed on Monday afternoon.

—Prof. H. Milton Roth, Broadway, and C. Arthur Griest, of Guernsey, attended a meeting of the Board of Directors of the Cumberland Valley State Normal School at Shippensburk on Friday.

—The Rev. Daniel E. Weigle, who resigned the pastorate of the Messiah Lutheran Church, Philadelphia, a few months ago, has become associate advertising director of a musical publishing house in New York.

—Miss Mary Slaybaugh has returned from a month's visit with friends at Butler, Pa.

—Miss Carrie Musselman, West Middle street, is spending a week as the guest of friends in Baltimore.

—Mrs. Jay Dringman, of Biglerville, was the guest of Mrs. Richard Francis on Wednesday.

—Mrs. R. S. Harnish, East High street, has returned from a visit with friends in Chambersburg.

—Rev. I. H. Meyer has returned to Jersey City after spending several days with relatives in town.

—The play given by the Ladies' Aid Society of Cashtown last Saturday evening for the benefit of the Red Cross was quite a success and about $[illegible] was cleared. On account of the bad roads many people were unable to attend and the society has been requested to repeat the performance at a later date.

—Burgess Eicholtz moved his office to the new quarters in the Fire Engine House this week.

—In an effort to thaw out frozen water pipes a slight fire was caused in the Winter Building, Chambersburg street on Friday afternoon. The company responded with the motor engine but it was found that chemical engine could extinguish the blaze.

Shake Into Your Shoes

Allen's Foot-Ease, the antiseptic powder for painful, smarting, tender, nervous feet. It takes the sting out of corns and bunions. Over 100,000 packages are being used by the American, French and British troops at the front. Sold everywhere, 25c.

MAN past 30 with horse and buggy to sell Stock Condition Powder in Adams County. Salary $70 per month. Address o Industrial Bldg., Indianapolis, Ind.

NEWSPAPERARCHIVE®

SPRING SALE LIST.

Friday, February 1.

W. E. Noel—Oxford—Thompson.

Saturday, February 2.

Clarence Shultz—Menallen—Taylor.
Charles Moose—Tyrone—Thompson.
Daniel Kuntz Heirs—near Idaville.

Tuesday, February 5.

Harry Veiner—Straban—Trostle.

Thursday, February 7.

John Miller—Highland—Zimmerman.

Thursday, February 14.

A. C. Dukehart—Tyrone—Thompson.

Saturday, February 16.

Clinton McKonley—Hamilton.

Tuesday, February 19.

L. H. Miller—Mt. Pleasant—Thompson.

Wednesday, February 20.

Daniel Chronister—Reading.

Thursday, February 21.

Norman Z. Reinecker—Huntington—Slaybaugh.

Friday, February 22.

Mervin Topper—Straban—Thompson

Saturday, February 23.

Mervin Decker—Huntington—Slaybaugh.
C. D. Laughman—Reading.
John Miller—near Abbottstown.

Tuesday, February 26.

F. F. McDermitt—Highland—Taylor.
H. L. Sponseller—Mt. Pleasant—Thompson.
Charles Haverstock — Butler—Slaybaugh.

Wednesday, February 27.

Earl Cashman—Straban—Thompson.

Thursday, February 28.

J. W. Groscost—Tyrone—Thompson.

Friday, March 1.

Barnes & Cromer—Hamiltonban.
Bert Eisenhart—near East Berlin.
George Jeffcoat — Mt. Pleasant — Thompson.

Saturday, March 2.

Harry Snyder—Menallen—Slaybaugh
Wm. P. Baker—Hamilton.

Tuesday, March 5.

William Becker — Mt. Pleasant — Thompson.
David Ogden—Menallen—Slaybaugh.

Wednesday, March 6.

Jacob M. Miller—near Sell's Station.

Wednesday, March 6.

C. E. Weikert—Hamiltonban—McDermitt.
E. A. Walker—Tyrone—Thompson.
Asper Bros.—Menallen—Slaybaugh.

Thursday, March 7.

H. B. Slonaker — Hamiltonban — Crouse.
McDonnell Bros—Arendtsville—Taylor.
John Harner—Mt Joy—Thompson.
N. Z. Reinecker—Huntington—Slaybaugh

Friday, March 8.

C. A. Feeser—Union—Thompson.
John E. Krug—Oxford.

Saturday, March 9.

W. E. Bosserman—Reading.
William A. Kline—Five Points—Reading.
Samuel Ziegler—Hamilton.

Monday, March 11.

A. J. Thompson—near East Berlin.
Wilmer Bream—Butler—Slaybaugh.

Tuesday, March 12.

Mrs. M. E. Group—Tyrone—Slaybaugh.
Geo. D. Thompson—Cumberland—Caldwell.
P. E. Comfort—near Bermudian.
I. V. Noel—Mt. Pleasant—Thompson.

Wednesday, March 13.

J. Z. Chronister—York Springs—Slaybaugh.
M. A. L. Trostle—near Littlestown—Thompson.
Peter Trostle—Franklin—Slaybaugh.

Thursday, March 14.

C. H. Feeser—Germany—Thompson.
FosterBeard — Cumberland — Caldwell.
J. L. Chronister—near York Springs—Slaybaugh.

Friday, March 15.

Rev. A. Stewart Hartman—Mt. Joy—Thompson.
Harry Routsong — Menallen—Slaybaugh.

Saturday, March 16.

Jere D. Shafer—Tyrone—Slaybaugh.
Jeremiah Taylor—Menallen—Taylor.
Shultz & Mehring—Mt. Pleasant—Thompson.

Monday, March 18.

Frank T. Miller—Mt. Pleasant—Thompson.

Tuesday, March 19.

William Lady—Butler—Taylor.
F. A. Coulson—Latimore—Slaybaugh
D. C. Shanebrook—Mt. Pleasant—Thompson.
Harry Tieman—near Oxford.

Wednesday, March 20.

John V. Eyler—Mt. Joy—Collins.
William Stover—Franklin—Taylor.
A. H. Sherman—Union.
George Groscost—Straban—Thompson.

Thursday, March 21.

Patter[illegible] Bros. — Emmitsburg — [illegible] & Smith.
Elm[illegible]—Mt. Pleasant—[illegible]
Georg[illegible]—Menallen—Taylor.
John [illegible]—Huntington—Slay[illegible]
John [illegible] Oxford.

Friday, March 22.

[illegible]—Tyrone—Th[illegible]

Saturday, March 23.

Crist [illegible] Huntington.
Paul [illegible]—Slaybaugh.
Elli[illegible]—Mt. Joy—Thompson.

Monday, March 25.

W[illegible]—Straban—Thomp[illegible]

Tuesday, March 26.

J. [illegible]—Straban—Thomp[illegible]
Hira[illegible]—Menallen—Slaybaugh

Wednesday, March 27.

Leo [illegible] Cumberland—McDer[illegible]
John [illegible]—Anthony.
Ed. [illegible]—Thompson.

Thursday, March 28.

H. H. [illegible]—New Oxford—Thompson.

Proclamation

To the Coroner, Justices of the Peace and Constables in the different Boroughs and Townships in the County of Adams—Greetings.

KNOW YE, that in pursuance of a precept to me directed under the hand and seal of the Honorable D. P. McPherson, Pres. of the several Courts of Common Pleas, in the 51st Judicial District, consisting of the Counties of Adams and Fulton, and by virtue of his office of the Court of Oyer and Terminer and General Jail Delivery, for the trial of Capital and other offenders therein, and in the General Court of Quarter Sessions of the Peace, and W. Howard Dicks and Edw. P. Miller, Esqs., Judges of the same County of Adams. You and each of you are hereby required to be and appear in your own proper persons with your Records, Recognizaces, Examinations and other remembrances, before the Judges aforesaid, at Gettysburg, at a Court of Oyer and Terminer and General Jail Delivery and General Quarter Sessions of the Peace therein to be holden in the County of Adams aforesaid the Fourth Monday of Jan. 1918, it being the 28th day at 10 o'clock a. m., of said day then and there to do those things to which your several offices appertain.

SEAL GIVEN under my hand at Gettysburg on the 15th day of December in the year of our Lord one thousand nine hundred and seventeen.

HOWARD J. HARTMAN. Sheriff.

List of Jurors.

Grand Jurors.

List of Grand Jurors drawn December 15, 1917, for the Court of Quarter Sessions of the Peace, Court of Oyer and Terminer and General Jail Delivery, to be held at Gettysburg in and for the County of Adams the fourth Monday of January, A. D., 1918.

Aumen, Augustus, laborer, Gettysburg, 2nd ward.
Auker, Edgar T., druggist, New Oxford.
Bream, C. P., gent, Fairfield.
Beitler, Luther, stone cutter, Gettysburg, 2nd ward.
Conover, George, farmer, Mt. Joy Twp.
Carbaugh, Wm. H., manufacturer, Oxford Twp.
Dougherty, Dorsey, merchant, Gettysburg, 2nd ward.
Eckert, J. A., chair maker, Straban Twp.
Eden, William J., chauffeur, Gettysburg, 1st ward.
Gilliland, W. F., merchant, Gettysburg, 1st ward.
Garvin, M. A., conductor, Gettysburg, 2nd ward.
Hilterbrick, Sam'l, D., gent, Littlestown.
Hulick, Hary, farmer, Straban Twp.
Mathews, Joseph J., gent, Gettysburg 3rd ward.
Mizell, Lewis, farmer, Straban Twp.
Miller, Charles W., farmer, Reading Twp.
Markle, Sylvester, farmer, Union Twp.
McGuigan, David, shoemaker, Gettysburg, 2nd ward.
Plank, D. L., farmer, Straban Twp.
Pfeffer, John, cigarmaker, Littlestown.
Riley, John W., farmer, Cumberland Twp.
Shull, Wm. F., Jr., farmer, Tyrone Twp.
Stambaugh, A. J., laborer, Oxford Twp.
Wisensale, Elmer, laborer, Conewago Twp.

Petit Jurors.

List of Petit Jurors drawn December 15, 1917, for the Court of Quarter Sessions of the Peace, Court of Oyer and Terminer and General Jail Delivery, to be held at Gettysburg in and for the County of Adams the fourth Monday of January, A. D., 1918.

Albert, John H., farmer, Reading Twp.
Baughman, O. G., laborer, Gettysburg, 3rd ward.
Breighner, Pius G., clerk, Gettysburg, 3rd ward.
Bream, Clinton, farmer, Menallen Twp.
Black, R. H., farmer, Cumberland Twp.
Bushman, Rufus H., tailor, Gettysburg, 1st ward.
Black Irvin B., farmer, Mt. Joy Twp.
Beamer, N. R., gent, Arentsville.
Bollinger, Ephraim, laborer, Conowago Twp.
Cook, Arthur, laborer, Menallen Twp
Currens, John F., laborer, Gettysburg 2nd ward.
Cashman, Samuel, gent, Straban Twp
Duttera, Wm. S., dairyman, Littlestown.
Diehl, D. M., farmer, Mt. Pleasant Twp.
Dicks, Nevin M., restaurant, New Oxford.
Funkhouser, R. P., merchant, Gettysburg, 1st ward.
Group, Amos R., farmer, Huntington Twp.
Hemler, M. H., foreman, McSherrystown.
Hassler, Benjamin, ranger, Franklin Twp.
Little, Wm. G., farmer, Germany Twp.
Lower, John D., laborer, Franklin Twp.
Martin, Jerome J., gent, Gettysburg, 3rd ward.
Rhodes, John S., surveyor, Freedom Twp.
Raffensperger, C. E., Arendtsville.
Riddlemoser, H. E., farmer, Franklin Twp.
Schmucker, Abia, gent, Littlestown.
Sheilengerger H. E., painter, Abbottstown.
Smith, Dr. C. E., physician, Butler Twp.
Stallsmith, L. T., farmer, Tyrone Twp
Taylor, George A., clerk, Gettysburg, 2nd ward.
Trostle, M. A. L., farmer, Union Twp.
Thompson, G. R., merchant, Straban Twp.
Wilt, Elmer, farmer, Conowago Twp.
Warthen, Frank, blacksmith, Highland Twp.
Wherley, Alex. D., farmer, Mt. Joy Twp.
Weaver, Joseph I., laborer, Oxford Twp.
Watson, W. F., farmer, Hamiltonban Twp.
Weaner, W. C., farmer, Menallen Twp.

REGISTER'S NOTICE

Notice is hereby given to all legatees and other persons concerned that the administration accounts hereinafter entered will be presented at an Orphans' Court for confirmation and allowance on Saturday, January 26, A. D., 1918, at 10.30 o'clock A. M. of said day.

160. The first and final account of John S. Weaver, administrator d. b. n. c. t. a of the estate of Leo J. Staub, late of Oxford township, Adams Co., Pa., deceased.

161. The first and final account of George L. Jordy, executor of the last will and testament of Elizabeth Jordy late of Berwick borough, Adams Co., Pa., deceased.

162. The first and final account of Sarah L. Livingston, executrix of the last will of William Yount, late of the Borough of Littlestown, Adams Co., Pa., deceased.

163. The first and partial account of Sarah L. Livingston, administratrix d. b. n. c. t. a. of the estate of Mary M. Yount, late of the Borough of Littlestown, Adams Co., Pa., deceased.

164. The first account of Edna M. Lilly, executrix of the last will and testament of John I. Lilly, late of Hanover Borough, York Co., Pa., deceased.

165. The first and final account of Jacob A. Appler, executor of the last will and testament of James Topper, late of Mt. Joy township, Adams Co., Pa., deceased.

166. The first and final account of Robert H. Shull, executor of the last will and testament of John A. Shull, late of Franklin township, Adams Co., Pa., deceased.

167. The first and final account of E. Oscar Deardorff, executor of the last will and testament of Mary M. Deardorff, late of Straban township Adams Co., Pa., deceased.

168. The first and final account of Joseph A. Smith and Catherine Smith, executors of the will of Andrew J. Smith, late of Gettysburg Borough, Adams Co., Pa., deceased.

169. The first and final account of Sadie Hoffman, administratrix of the estate of William Spangler, late of Gettysburg Borough, Adams Co., Pa., deceased.

C. W. GARDNER,
Register.

REPORT.

Of the condition of the First National Bank of Gettysburg at Gettysburg, Pa., in the State of Pennsylvania at the close of business Dec. 31, 1917.

RESOURCES.

Loans and discounts		985,527.94
Liberty Loan bonds unpledged		45,068.22
Overdrafts unsecured		5,215.72
U. S. Bonds to secure circulation (par value)		100,000.00
Bonds, securities, etc., on hand (other than stocks) owned unpledged		153,027.49
Subscription to stock of Federal Reserve bank	17,400.00	
Less amount unpaid	8,700.00	8,700.00
Banking house	73,175.00	
Furniture and fixtures	7,825.00	81,000.00
Other real estate owned		16,619.10
Lawful reserve with Federal Reserve Bank		47,558.68
Cash in vault and amount due from National Bank		64,106.23
Due from banks and bankers (other than above)		6,742.35
Checks on banks in the same city or town as reporting bank		1,952.03
Checks on banks located outside of city or town of reporting bank		1,991.33
Redemption fund with U. S. Treasurer (5 per cent. of circulation)		5,000.00
Total		$1,522,449.09

LIABILITIES.

Capital stock paid in		$150,000.00
Surplus fund		140,000.00
Undivided profits	62,141.42	
Less current expenses, interest and taxes paid	20,219.63	
		41,921.79
Circulating notes		99,100.00
Due to National Banks		1,102.32
Individual deposits subject to check		267,283.01
Cashier's checks outstanding		4,375.89
Dividends unpaid		17.40
Certificates of deposit other than for money borrowed		818,666.68
Total		$1,522,449.09

State of Pennsylvania, County of Adams, SS.

I, J. Elmer Musselman, Cashier of the above-named bank, do solemnly swear that the above statement is true to the best of my knowledge and belief.

J. ELMER MUSSELMAN,
Cashier.

Subscribed and sworn to before me this 11th day of January, 1918.

H. G. WILLIAMS, N. P.

My commission expires Feb. 21, 1919.

W. S. ADAMS
SAMUEL M. BUSHMAN
J. L. BUTT
Directors.

Pushing Road Bill.

Congressman A. R. Brodbeck of Adams-York District is pushing the consideration of his bill now before the House of Representatives designating the Lincoln Highway a Federal Post Road. It is thought that this measure will serve a useful purpose in furthering both federal and state improvements upon this road, thus aiding to relieve the railroads of the present traffic congestion

ADMINISTRATOR'S NOTICE

Estate of John C. Lower, deceased, late of the Borough of Gettysburg, County of Adams, State of Pennsylvania. Letters of administration with the will annexed on the above estate having been duly granted to the undersigned, all persons indebted to the said estate are requested to make payment and those having claims to present the same without delay to F. MARK BREAM,
Administrator c. t. a.,
Gettysburg, Pa.

STRABAN TOWNSHIP ROAD ACCOUNT.

Annual statement of Straban township supervisors for the year ending Dec. 1, 1917. Robt. D. Myers, treasurer.

RECEIPTS.

Bal. in treasury from the preceding year	$ 499.23
Amt. col. on 1917 duplicate	1703.33
Amt. col. on 1916 duplicate	801.34
Amt. col. on 1915 duplicate	50.39
Amt. col. on 1914 duplicate	60.49
Liquor license	60.00
Rec'd from other sources	5.00
Total receipts	$3179.78

EXPENDITURES.

For maintenance of earth roads	$1351.41	
For permanent improvements	431.10	
For new culverts and bridges	333.31	
For tools	38.46	
For repairs of tools and machinery	31.52	
For wages of road masters	571.41	
Compensation of Col.	40.66	
Compensation of Sec.	20.00	
Compensat. of Treas.	44.00	
Pd. on Twp. loan	300.00	
Int. on loan	33.00	
Shoveling snow	12.99	
Miscel. items	40.07	
		$3247.93
Due Treasurer		$ 68.15

RESOURCES.

Outstanding tax 1917 dup.	$ 861.84
Outstanding tax 1916 dup.	402.40
Outstanding tax 1915 dup.	190.41
Outstanding tax 1914 dup.	194.06
Due from State (cash tax bonus)	1082.54
Due from W. D. Brown	1269.61

LIABILITIES.

Township loan	$1300.00

We the undersigned auditors of Straban township, have examined the above accounts and find them correct.

R. S. SPONSELLER
D. TAUGHINBAUGH
S. CASHMAN
Auditors

RAGS WANTED

PUBLIC SALE.

On Tuesday, February 5, 1918.

The undersigned, intending to quit farming, will sell at public sale on the above day and date, at his farm in Straban township, formerly known as the William Bringman place, located 3 miles north of Gettysburg at a point about 1-4 mile to the left of the Harrisburg road, the following described personal property:

5 Head of Horses...Nos. 1 and 2, pair of black horses that will weigh from 1200 to 1300 pounds apiece, 7 and 10 years old respectively, the one is a good leader and they are an excellent pair of horses. No. 3, brown horse, 9 years old, is a good worker. No. 4, sorrel mare, 4 yours old, with foal, is a good worker. No. 5, brown colt coming 2 years old. **17 Head of Cattle,** 9 of them milk cows and 3 of that number have calves by their sides, some others will be fresh by day of sale; 2 fine bulls, 1 is a 2-year-old Durham, the other a Guernsey 2 years old; 3 head of young cattle, a Holstein, a red and a spotted heifer. **Hogs:** 30 head of shoats and hogs that will weigh from 60 to 200 pounds each. **Goats:** 2 goats, male and female. **Poultry:** 150 chickens to be sold by the pound; 3 turkey hens; 6 pairs of guineas. **Farming Implements.** Good 2 or 4-horse wagon, Osborne binder, good as new, Osborne mower, good as new, Osborne self-dump horse rake, 12-foot spread, Buckeye grain drill, Superior double-row corn planter, has been used but one season and is as good as new, New Oxford land roller, new, Hench & Dromgold cultivator, used but one season, Mountville, Wierd and Syracuse plows, 1 spring and 1 cutter harrow, Dayton wagon, set of hay ladders, 16 feet long, single, double and triple trees, jockey sticks and middle rings, log, cow, breast and tie chains, sleigh, good as new, new wheelbarrow, Blue Bell cream separator, lot of forks, shovels and rakes. **Harness:** 4 sets of front gears, collars, bridles, check lines, long line, tie straps, [illegible] **Ford Truck** in No. 1 condition, [illegible] tired, has a good body that is well ironed, will carry from 1000 to 1500 pounds. This truck is guaranteed. Numerous other articles not herein mentioned. Sale to begin at 12 o'clock when terms and conditions will be made known by

HARRY VEINER

Trostle, Auct.
C. C. Bream, Clerk.

Read the COMPILER

Why You Should Use Concrete

Winter is the dull season for the farmer and aside from attention to his stock there is very little work to be done. It is an excellent time to do all the little concrete jobs that are necessary around the farm and most of this work can be done without employing extra help.

Concrete walks, floors, troughs, fence posts, steps, etc., are more sanitary, present a much neater appearance and can be made very easily in cold weather.

In mixing concrete in cold weather it is always a good plan to warm the water and if in addition the sand and stone can be warmed, there need be no difficulty in doing concrete work even in very cold weather.

Send for our free booklet "Concrete in the Country"

Concrete for permanence — SECURITY — The Permanent Portland Cement.

Ask Your Dealer

SECURITY CEMENT AND LIME CO.
Hagerstown, Md.

Sold by
W. [illegible] & BRO.,
[illegible]

SECURITY CEMENT AND LIME COMPANY · PORTLAND CEMENT · SECURITY MD

Post Inventory BARGAINS

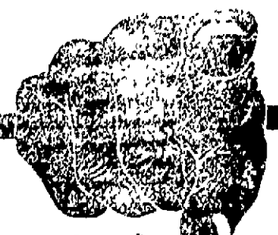
White Gable Ware

We have a lot of white Table Ware, slightly damaged, which we are selling off at HALF PRICE. This is especially a bargain now on account of the extremely high prices of this class of goods as well as scarcity of same. The lot includes:

Meat Dishes, several sizes Sauce Dishes
Saucers Plates Fruit Saucers

Gettysburg Department Store

NewspaperARCHIVE® ... NewspaperARCHIVE®



The Kind of Jewelry YOU WANT

is the guaranteed kind—the kind we carry always in stock.

It's our business policy to carry only the jewelry that we can feel sure of—jewelry that, being guaranteed to us, we can guarantee to you.

No matter what you want in jewelry particularly if it is the nationally advertised kind, and guaranteed by Good Housekeeping Magazine, we have it. Come in and let us show you our complete line of reasonably-priced

Guaranteed Jewelry

PENROSE MYERS

Watchmaker and Jeweler — Baltimore Street

Beautiful Bust and Shoulders

are possible if you will wear a scientifically constructed Bien Jolie Brassiere.

The dragging weight of an unconfined bust so stretches the supporting muscles that the contour of the figure is spoiled.

BIEN JOLIE (BE-AN JO-LEE) **BRASSIERES** put the bust back where it belongs, prevent the full bust from having the appearance of flabbiness, eliminate the danger of dragging muscles and confine the flesh of the shoulder giving a graceful line to the entire upper body.

They are the daintiest and most serviceable garments imaginable—come in all materials and styles: Cross Back, Hook Front, Surplice, Bandeau, etc. Boned with "Walohn," the rustless boning—permitting washing without removal.

Have your dealer show you Bien Jolie Brassieres, if not stocked, we will gladly send him, prepaid, samples to show you.

BENJAMIN & JOHNES, 51 Warren Street, Newark, N. J

As Age Advances the Liver Requires

occasional slight stimulation. CARTER'S LITTLE LIVER PILLS correct CONSTIPATION.

Genuine bears signature Brent Good

Colorless or Pale Faces usually indicate the absence of Iron in the blood, a condition which will be greatly helped by Carter's Iron Pills

"Why Does Papa Walk The Floor?"

At night? Baby is restless and will not sleep. Too many fathers and mothers have sleepless nights because of baby's little nerves. He must be soothed—give your boy or girl baby a dose of

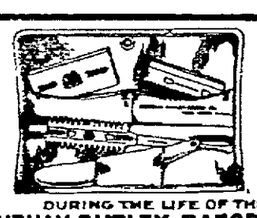
DR. FAHRNEY'S TEETHING SYRUP

The greatest infant remedy in the world. Prevents Cholera Infantum, cures Constipation and all bowel troubles. 25 cents at all druggists. Trial bottle free if you mention this paper.

Made only by DRS. D. FAHRNEY & SON, HAGERSTOWN, MD.

Get it from your dealer or from us.

Outfit consists of one Durham Duplex Domino Razor with white American ivory handle safety guard, stropping attachment and Durham Duplex Blades, packed in a genuine red leather Kit



Every reader of this paper may secure THE $5.00 DURHAM DUPLEX DOMINO RAZOR FOR $1.00

DURING THE LIFE OF THIS ADVERTISEMENT

DURHAM DUPLEX RAZOR CO. JERSEY CITY, N.J.

Books for all Business

Ledgers, Day Books, Journals, Cash and Time Books, Due Ledgers, Record and Roll Books, Milk Books and Note Books of all sizes. Loose Leaf and Permanent Binding. The largest line of books this side of the city. - - - - -

Farmers and Stockmen

GET YOUR STOCK IN CONDITION

by feeding some Good Food and Regulator. Our guaranteed brands are The Standard, The Prussian and Pratts, in assorted sizes. - - - - -

Peoples Drug Store

ADMINISTRATORS' NOTICE

Estate of Jesse Peters, late of the Township of Butler, Adams, county, Pa., deceased.—Notice is hereby given that letters of administration upon the estate of the above named decedent, have been granted by the Register of Wills of Adams county, unto the undersigned. All persons having claims or demands against the estate of said decedent are requested to make known the same and all persons indebted to the said decedent to make payment to the undersigned without delay.

W. H. PETERS,
Biglerville, Pa.
JACOB F. PETERS,
Tyrone Twp.,
Adams Co., Pa.,
Administrators.

Or their Atty.,
JOHN D. KEITH, Esq.,
Gettysburg, Pa.

Clean White Rags Wanted at this office.

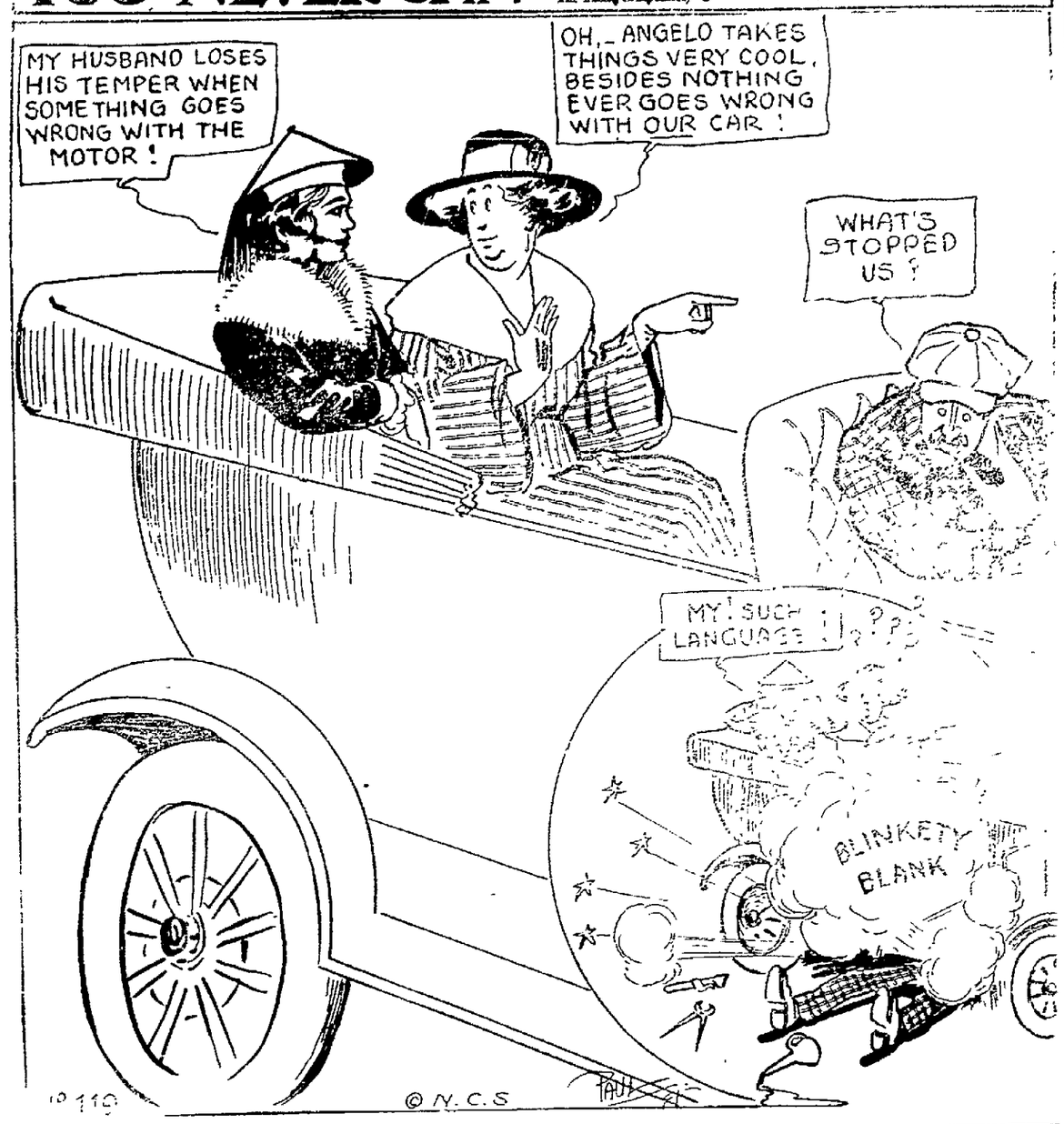
ADMINISTRATOR'S NOTICE

Estate of Mary A. Walter, deceased, late of the Borough of Fairfield, County of Adams, State of Pennsylvania.—Letters testamentary on said estate having been granted to the undersigned, all persons indebted thereto are requested to make immediate payment, and those having claims or demands against the same, will present them without delay for settlement to the undersigned, residing in Gettysburg, Adams county, Pennsylvania.

J. I. BUTT
F. RUSSEL WILLS
Executors of the last will and testament of Mary A. Walter, deceased.

Or their Attys.,
Butt & Butt, Esqs.,
Gettysburg, Pa.

Read the COMPILER



WHY HE CLOSED POST OFFICE

Ike Wanted to Transfer the Rush in Business to His Other Establishment.

Uncle Ike Ross, a weatherbeaten mountaineer, who presides over a post office among the hills of southern Missouri, peered through the stamp window at two city men who had tramped five miles from their mountain camp to post some business letters. He shook his head.

"There's been a plumb big rush of business at this hyar post office this morning," he drawled, "and I'm all tuckered out. I reckin I won't sell nobody no more stamps till after dinner."

"But," gasped the man nearest the window, "these letters have got to go! They're important, and they've got to catch the stage and get off today."

Uncle Ike was obdurate. "Hit shore don't pay no man to work hisself to death," he said deliberately, and withdrew to a chair, where he tipped back and dropped into a doze.

"Some folks," snapped the city man, "would be too lazy to make a dollar if all the opportunities of the next 50 years came and perched on their doorsteps! Now, where are we going to get dinner?"

His companion pointed silently to a sign, conspicuous on the post office door:

"Fried chicken dinner served to visitors at the Ike Ross restaurant next door. Fifty cents."—Youth's Companion.

WAS A MAGNANIMOUS PAGAN

Saladin, Conquerer of Jerusalem, Did Not Shed Drop of Christian Blood When City Fell.

It was in 1193 that Saladin died in Damascus, leaving behind him a reputation for magnanimity unique in that age, and only exceeded by his fame as a warrior.

It was only six years before his death that Saladin defeated Guy de Lusignan, the Christian king of Jerusalem, and obtained possession of the sacred city, which had been captured by the Crusaders 88 years before. The golden cross was pulled down and dragged through the streets of the city, and the Mosque of Omar, which had been consecrated to Christ, was restored to the worship of Mohammed. But not a drop of Christian blood was shed after the capitulation. Instead of butchering thousands of the inhabitants, as the Christians had done after conquering the city, Saladin ordered that none should be harmed. The weeping queen was treated with great consideration, and Saladin was so moved by her misery that he is said to have shed tears of sympathy. Later, during the third crusade, the Christians under Richard Coeur de Lion beheaded in cold blood 5,000 Saracen hostages, and Saladin revenged himself upon them as far as he was able. On the whole, however, he was vastly better than most of the rulers of his time.

French Fish Live for Years.

A live [illegible] in a cake of ice [illegible] seconds all life [illegible] months, if it does so slowly, the fish takes up its vital activities again as if nothing had happened. This phenomenon, says the University of Washington News Letter, was described by Prof. E. Victor Smith of the department of zoology, in discussing a recent announcement that a Swiss naturalist had revived frozen fish. "There is no reason why a fish, if frozen in a cake of ice should not be revived even at the end of ten years," said Professor Smith. "Cases of frozen cold-blooded animals are not uncommon. Frogs are many times frozen for long periods of time, and turtles will live even under ordinary circumstances for a year without food." The process of freezing fish must be accompanied with the greatest care, he said. The temperature of the water must be reduced slowly in the freezing process and must be gradually raised in the thawing part of the experiment.

Most-Sought-After Thing.

In the American Magazine a writer says:

"Men have been living in this world for many centuries. They have traded in their lives for many different things—fame, money, power. But the consensus of opinion through the ages is that the thing most to be desired is happiness. No man can be really happy unless his conscience is clear; therefore it pays to be honest and to treat the other fellow as one would like to be treated. No one can be happy who sacrifices his health; therefore fame and too much money—either of which usually demand health in exchange—are not to be desired. No man can have the highest happiness unless he can feel that he is doing a little good by living, that he is going to leave the world a bit better after he has gone. Therefore it pays to bring children into the world and care for them; it pays to be a good neighbor and a good employer and a good friend."

Cables Contain Much Wire.

It is estimated that the total length of wire in the sheathing and core of the world's cables made since their introduction in 1857 is sufficient to reach from the earth to the moon. Where the sea is about three miles deep, and the ship is steaming at its usual rate, in paying out a new line, it has been found that over two and a half hours pass before the cable reaches the bed of the sea. By the time the cable has settled to rest the ship is 25 miles away.

Secret of Beautiful World.

Someone was wondering why a certain small town was so much more attractive than most of its kind. "There are no fine buildings," she said, "no beautiful scenery, no parks." "No," said another, who also was familiar with the town, "[illegible] everybody has a little garden, and [illegible] of it." That is the secret of looking this world [illegible] for [illegible] take [illegible] place.—Christian Guardian.

Comfy Calorie

"[illegible] the temperature in this room is rather high?"

"The [illegible] coal at the [illegible]."

Ship and Its Gender.

The word "ship" is masculine in French, Italian, Spanish and Portuguese and possesses no sex in Teutonic and Scandinavian languages, reports the Marine Journal.

Perhaps it would not be an error to trace the custom of feminizing ships back to the Greeks, who called them by feminine names, probably out of deference to Athene, goddess of the sea.

But the English-speaking sailor, assigns no such reasons. The ship to him is always a lady, even though she be a man-o'-war. She possesses a waist, collars, stays, laces, bonnets, ties, ribbons, chains, watches and dozens of other distinctly feminine attributes.

A "Shoestring Republic."

Dan Ward says in World Outlook:

Chile is as long as from New York to San Francisco and as narrow as Lake Erie! Truly a "shoestring republic." She is squeezed tightly between the mountain range and the coast. Her cities look up to the hills and down to the sea, with, as Arthur Ruhl puts it, "the Andes hanging like a beautiful drop-curtain at the eastern end of every street." Chile contains 24 provinces and the largest province is big enough to hold all Pennsylvania, Vermont, Rhode Island and Massachusetts. The Chileans are the Yankees of South America, aggressive, keen, making fortunes from nitrate, erecting a chain of wireless stations from the near-tropical north tip of the Chilean shoestring to the Antarctic south tip, and preparing for Panama trade by expending $12,000,000 on port and dock improvements. Chile is elbowing her way in among the most forward-pushing nations of the twentieth century.

Reading Faces.

The New York Medical Record in an article entitled "The Face and Its Expression in Diagnosis" is of the opinion that the Sherlock Holmes faculty in the average doctor enables him to read in his patient's face in a moment's observation that which the laboratory or physical examination will be a long time finding out. Going somewhat further the writer says that the physician may have read something in the face of the dog of the patient's household. That at the doctor's first visit the dog's face would have shined forth a welcome; at the next day he could read unalloyed gladness at his visit and confidence in him; at the third visit the dog's face would wear a dejected look. The wise physician would know what this meant. The family had "changed doctors."

Help Yourself.

Elsie came home from a neighbor's house munching a chocolate.

"Now, Elsie," her mother reproved her, "how many times have I told you not to ask Mrs. Gray for chocolates?"

"I didn't ask her," returned Elsie calmly. "I don't have to. I know where she keeps them."

How to Deal With Germs.

In dealing with germs, it should be remembered that a germ of the mildest appearance may very often be most savage. Don't be deceived by a germ that looks harmless. The male germ, as a rule, is the most voracious and it may always be known by its gay plumage. Germs, as we have been taught, bring with them every sort of disease, and while germs are not always fatal, they try their best to be. The average conscientious germ is chagrined when he fails to kill. [illegible] germs are engaged on a job [illegible] do not succeed they are [illegible] the joke back [illegible] at the germs. [illegible] young germs. Germs [illegible] most colors [illegible] see red.

Cause for Congratulation.

"[illegible] in this [illegible] did you ever see a man who was [illegible] when he had the 'blues'?"

"Only one."

"And what led him to take a cheerful view of life?"

"He was the husband of a suffragist orator and his illness prevented him from accompanying her on a speaking tour."

ADVERTISING IS AN OLD ART

Ancient Egyptians, Greeks and Romans Knew Something About the Value of Publicity.

Advertising was well known in the palmy days of Egypt. Of course, they didn't have the electric signs blazing across the sky, they didn't know that red makes the best color for advertising, green the second and black the next, but they did understand the first principles and applied them in daily life, says the Detroit Free Press.

Perhaps the first bit of advertising copy was the "lost, strayed or stolen" advertisement written by an Egyptian on a slip of papyrus when his favorite slave was missing.

The Greeks had even greater skill. They advertised their concerts, musical affairs, plays and contests. They gave us the idea of using bands to attract a crowd, for they sent around their cities a town crier, accompanied by a musician playing a harp or a lyre. He praised [illegible] extravagantly in the best of Greek the thing he was advertising. Later the people began to advertise privately on the walls of their homes, giving information about the wanderings of the family, occupying the house and the state of their finances.

The Romans went their one better. They named their streets, advertised shows, sales and exhibitions in their public baths, notified the public of sales of estates, posted lists of articles lost and found and houses for sale or rent.

When the Huns swept down upon Rome the advertisements disappeared with the Roman power and did not return until the town crier of the middle ages began advertising again.

WHERE PAPRIKA COMES FROM

Foreign Product Now Successfully Raised by Many Farmers in South Carolina.

Years ago agents of the bureau of plant industry turned their attention to paprika pepper. We don't know what headed them toward pepper, and the report of their work does not tell us, a writer in Everybody's says. Paprika pepper is probably a mighty small item in our national food budget. Up to that time we imported all that we used from Hungary and Spain. Our agents studied the characteristics of the plant and the soil and climate and cultivation that it required.

Then they came back to this country to discover where paprika pepper could be profitably grown here. Down in Florence county, South Carolina, they found what appeared to be the required soil, climate and labor conditions. Moreover, the land there was not giving a really profitable account of itself. After the Department had proved by its own experiments that paprika pepper could be successfully grown in South Carolina, it furnished seed to a group of farmers who agreed to grow it under their directions. This was to insure a product of a proper standard. The industry is now fairly well established, and if ever we should be at war with Hungary and Spain at the same time, probably South Carolina could supply all the jaded palates of this country with a standard brand of paprika pepper.

Lesson of the Tug.

There's nothing dishonorable in being a tug. In times of need a tug is worth a thousand pleasure boats. It's what a man is able to do and does that tells what his worth is. Good clothes are pleasant to look upon, but they are often a hindrance in times of distress. Kid gloves may have a place in the family pew and social functions, but the ways of the world demand tougher stock in labor. It takes overalls, corduroy and buckskin to stand the strain. They are not beautiful but they are mighty efficient when the right kind of power gets inside of them. And you are no less a gentleman because they fit you. That man is honorable who makes himself respected by his conduct and the work he does. No amount of polish can atone for a mean ideal. And no amount of toil can lower the man of honor to the level of the beast. The tug may be insignificant beside the liners, but its work is just as honorable and often requires just as much brains and skill to accomplish it.—Pennsylvania Grit.

BACKACHE IS A WARNING

Gettysburg People Should Not Neglect Their Kidneys.

Backache is often nature's most frequent signal of weakened kidneys. To cure the pains and aches, to remove the lameness when it arises from weakened kidneys, you must reach the cause—the kidneys. If you have pain through the small of your back, bladder disorders, headaches, dizzy spells, or are nervous and depressed, start treating the kidneys with a tested kidney remedy.

Doan's Kidney Pills have been proved good and are especially for weak kidneys. Doan's have been used in kidney trouble for over 50 years. Read Gettysburg testimony.

Mrs. D. F. Arendt, Railroad St., says: "I was suffering from backache. My kidneys acted too frequently. I felt all worn-out at times. I got Doan's Kidney Pills at the People's Drug Store and they gave me relief at once. I always keep Doan's on hand in case of need."

Price 60c at all dealers. Don't simply ask for a kidney remedy—get Doan's Kidney Pills—the same that Mrs Arendt keeps on hand. Foster-Milburn Co., Props., Buffalo, N. Y.

NEWSPAPER ARCHIVE®

AMERICAN SUGAR SENT TO FRANCE

American Price Rigidly Regulated by United States Food Administration.

CONSUMERS HERE PAY 9c.

Sugar Cost 35 Cents a Pound During Civil War—Refiners' Profits Now Curtailed.

Sugar is selling today throughout America at from 8½ to 9 cents a pound to the consumer, even though there is a world shortage which has reduced this nation's sugar allotment to 70 per cent. of normal.

Through the efforts of the United States food administration the sugar market has been regulated as far as the producer, refiner and wholesaler is concerned. The food administration has no power to regulate retail prices except by public opinion. Even though more than 85,000 tons of sugar have been shipped to France in the last four months the retail grocer's sugar price is around 8 to 8½ cents. He should sell this sugar at 8½ to 9 cents, the food administration believes, and asks the American housewife to pay no more than this amount.

Last August when the food administration was organized the price of sugar rose suddenly to 11 cents a pound. During the Civil War sugar cost the consumer 35 cents a pound. By regulation of the sugar market and reducing the price to 8½ and 9 cents and keeping it from advancing to 20 cents the food administration has saved the American public at least $180,000,000 in four months, according to a statement made by Herbert Hoover the other day.

"It is our stern duty to feed the allies, to maintain their health and strength at any cost to ourselves," Mr. Hoover declared. "There has not been, nor will be as we see it, enough sugar for even their present meagre and depressing ration unless they send ships to remote markets for it. If we in our greed and gluttony force them either to further reduce their ration or to send these ships we will have done damage to our abilities to win this war.

"If we send the ships to Java for 250,000 tons of sugar next year we will have necessitated the employment of eleven extra ships for one year. These ships—if used in transporting troops—would take 150,000 to 200,000 men to France."

Reason for World Shortage.

As Mr. Hoover pointed out, the United States, Canada and England were sugar importing countries before the war, while France and Italy were very nearly self supporting. The main sources of the world's sugar supply was Germany and neighboring powers, the West Indies and the East Indies.

German sugar is no longer available, as it is used entirely in Germany, which also absorbs sugar of surrounding countries.

England can no longer buy 1,400,000 long tons of sugar each year from Germany. The French sugar production has dropped from 750,000 to 210,000 tons. The Italian production has fallen from 210,000 tons to 75,000 tons. Thus three countries were thrown upon East and West Indian sources for 1,925,000 tons annually to maintain their normal consumption.

Because of the world's shipping shortage the allied nations started drawing on the West Indies for sugar; East Indian sugar took three times the number of ships, since the distance was three times as great. Suddenly the west was called on to furnish and did furnish 1,420,000 tons of sugar to Europe when 300,000 tons a year was the pre-war demand. The allies had drawn from Java 400,000 tons before the shipping situation became acute.

"In spite of these shipments," Mr. Hoover stated the other day, "the English government in August reduced the household sugar ration to a basis of 24 pounds per annum per capita. And in September the French government reduced their household ration to 13 2-10 pounds a year, or a bit over 1 pound of sugar a month. Even this meagre ration could not be filled by the French government it was found early in the fall. America was then asked for 100,000 tons of sugar and succeeded in sending 85,000 tons by December 1. The French request was granted because the American household consumption was then at least 55 pounds per person, and it was considered the duty of maintaining the French morale made our course clear."

Today the sugar situation may be summarized by stating that if America will reduce its sugar consumption 10 to 15 per cent. this nation will be able to send 200,000 more soldiers to France.

Sugar today sells at seaboard refineries at $7.25 a hundred pounds. The wholesale grocer has agreed to limit his profit to 25 cents a hundred plus freight, and the retail grocer is supposed to take no more than 50 cents a hundred pounds profit. This regulation was made by the food administration, which now asks the housewife to reduce sugar consumption as much as possible, using other sweeteners, and also reminds her that she should pay no more than 9 cents a pound for sugar.

Control of Cane Refiners' Profits.

"Immediately upon the establishment of the food administration," Mr. Hoover said, "an examination was made of the costs and profits of refining and it was finally determined that the spread between the cost of raw and the sale of refined cane sugar should be limited to $1.30 per hundred pounds. The pre-war differential had averaged about 85 cents and increased costs were found to have been imposed by the war in increased cost of refining, losses, cost of bags, labor, insurance, interest and other things, rather more than cover the difference. After prolonged negotiations the refiners were placed under agreement establishing these limits on October 1, and anything over this amount to be agreed extortionate under the law.

"In the course of these investigations it was found by canvass of the Cuban producers that their sugar had, during the first nine months of the past year, sold for an average of about $4.21 per hundred f. o. b. Cuba, to which duty and freight added to the refiners' cost amount to about $5.66 per hundred. The average sale price of granulated by various refineries, according to our investigation, was about $7.50 per hundred, or a differential of $1.84.

"In reducing the differential to $1.30 there was a saving to the public of 54 cents per hundred. Had such a differential been in use from the 1st of January, 1917, the public would have saved in the first nine months of the year about $24,800,000."

Next Year.

With a view to more efficient organization of the trade in imported sugars next year two committees have been formed by the food administration:

1. A committee comprising representatives of all of the elements of American cane refining groups. The principal duty of this committee is to divide the sugar imports pro rata to their various capacities and see that absolute justice is done to every refiner.

2. A committee comprising three representatives of the English, French and Italian governments; two representatives of the American refiners, with a member of the food administration. Only two of the committee have arrived from Europe, but they represent the allied governments. The duties of this committee are to determine the most economical sources from a transport point of view of all the allies to arrange transport at uniform rates, to distribute the foreign sugar between the United States and allies, subject to the approval of the American, English, French and Italian governments.

This committee, while holding strong views as to the price to be paid for Cuban sugar, has not had the final voice. This voice has rested in the governments concerned, together with the Cuban government, and I wish to state emphatically that all of the gentlemen concerned as good commercial men have endeavored with the utmost patience and skill to secure a lower price, and their persistence has reduced Cuban demands by 15 cents per hundred. The price agreed upon is about $4.60 per hundred pounds, f. o. b. Cuba, or equal to about $6 duty paid New York.

"This price should eventuate," Mr. Hoover said, "to about $7.30 per hundred for refined sugar from the refiners at seaboard points or should place sugar in the hands of the consumer at from 8½ to 9 cents per pound, depending upon locality and conditions of trade, or at from 1 to 2 cents below the prices of August last and from one-half to a cent per pound cheaper than today.

"There is now an elimination of speculation, extortionate profits, and in the refining alone the American people will save over $25,000,000 of the refining charges last year. A part of these savings goes to the Cuban, Hawaiian, Porto Rican and Lousianian producer and part to the consumer.

"Appeals to prejudice against the food administration have been made because the Cuban price is 34 cents above that of 1917. It is said in effect that the Cubans are at our mercy; that we could get sugar a cent lower. We made exhaustive study of the cost of producing sugar in Cuba last year through our own agents in Cuba, and we find it averages $3.39, while many producers are at a higher level. We found that an average profit of at least a cent per pound was necessary in order to maintain and stimulate production or that a minimum price of $4.37 was necessary, and even this would stifle some producers.

"The price ultimately agreed was 23 cents above these figures, or about one-fifth of a cent per pound to the American consumer, and more than this amount has been saved by our reduction in refiners' profits. If we wish to stifle production in Cuba we could take that course just at the time of all times in our history when we want production for our lives and the allies. Further than that, the state department will assure you that such a course would produce disturbances in Cuba, and destroy even our present supplies, but beyond all these material reasons is one of human justice. This great country has no right by the might of its position to strangle Cuba.

"Therefore there is no imposition upon the American public. Charges have been made before this committee that Mr. Rolph endeavored to benefit the California refinery of which he was manager by this 34 cent increase in Cuban price. Mr. Rolph did not fix the price. It does raise the price to the Hawaiian farmer about that amount. It does not raise the profit of the California refinery, because their charge for refining is, like all other refiners, limited to $1.30 per hundred pounds, plus the freight differential on the established custom of the trade.

"Mr. Rolph has not one penny of interest in that refinery.

Save

1-wheat use more corn

2-meat use more fish & beans

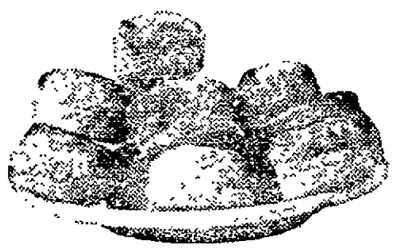
3-fats use just enough

4-sugar use syrups

and serve the cause of freedom

U. S. FOOD ADMINISTRATION

WHEATLESS BISCUITS.



Parched cornmeal is the feature of these excellent wheatless biscuits. First, the cornmeal—one-half a cup—is put in a shallow pan placed in the oven and stirred frequently until it is a delicate brown. The other ingredients are a teaspoon of salt, a cup of peanut butter and one and a half cups of water. Mix the peanut butter, water and salt and heat. While this mixture is hot stir in the meal which should also be hot. Beat thoroughly. The dough should be of such consistency that it can be dropped from a spoon. Bake in small cakes in an ungreased pan. This makes 16 biscuits, each of which contains one-sixth of an ounce of protein.

DELICIOUS CORN MUFFINS.

Here's an old fashioned recipe for corn muffins that has recently been revived and used with unusual success in several of the larger New York hotels: To make three and a half dozen muffins take one quart milk, six ounces butter substitute, twelve ounces of light syrup or honey, four eggs, pinch of salt, two ounces baking powder, one and a half pounds cornmeal and one and a half pounds rye flour. The butter and syrup should be thoroughly mixed; then add the eggs gradually. Pour in the milk and add the rye flour mixed with cornmeal and baking powder.

FACE the FACTS

LET us face the facts. The war situation is critical. Unless the Allies fight as they never yet have fought, defeat threatens. Hungry men cannot fight at their best; nor hungry nations. France, England, and Italy are going hungry unless we feed them.

Wheat Savings—They must have wheat. It is the best food to fight on. It is the easiest to ship. We alone can spare it to them. By saving just a little—less than a quarter of what we ate last year—we can support those who are fighting our battles. And we can do it without stinting ourselves. We have only to substitute another food just as good.

The Corn of Plenty—Corn is that food. There's a surplus of it. Providence has been generous in the hour of our need. It has given us corn in such bounty as was never known before. Tons of corn. Trainloads of corn. Five hundred million bushels over and above our regular needs. All we have to do is to learn to appreciate it. Was ever patriotic duty made so easy? And so clear?

America's Own Food—Corn! It is the true American food. The Indians, hardiest of races, lived on it. Our forefathers adopted the diet and conquered a continent. For a great section of our country it has blong een the staff of life. How well the South fought on it, history tells. Now it can help America win a world war.

Learn Something—Corn! It isn't one food. It's a dozen. It's a cereal. It's a vegetable. It's a bread. It's a dessert. It's nutritious; more food value in it, dollar for dollar, than meat or eggs or most other vegetables. It's good to eat; how good you don't know until you've had corn-bread properly cooked. Best of all, it's plentiful and it's patriotic.

Corn's Infinite Variety—How much do you know about corn? About how good it is? About the many delicious ways of cooking it? And what you miss by not knowing more about it? Here are a few of its uses:

There are at least fifty ways to use corn meal to make good dishes for dinner, supper, lunch or breakfast. Here are some suggestions:

HOT BREADS	DESSERTS
Boston brown bread.	Corn-meal molasses cake.
Hoecake.	Apple corn bread.
Muffins.	Dumplings.
Biscuits.	Gingerbread.
Griddle cakes.	Fruit gems.
Waffles.	

HEARTY DISHES

Corn-meal croquettes. Corn-meal fish balls.

Meat and corn-meal dumplings.

Italian polenta. Tamales.

The recipes are in Farmers' Bulletin 565, "Corn Meal as a Food and Ways of Using It," free from the Department of Agriculture.

The Novice's Mistake.

In Tales of Flying Services, Mr. C. G. Grey tells about a strange entry in the official report of an officer who had recently joined the service and was sent to pass a seaplane through its test for the English navy. He had to go up as a passenger with the constructor's pilot and to keep a log of what occurred during he test.

This is what he put down: "9:05 a. m., left ship. 9:10 a. m., altimeter shows 300 feet above sea. 9:12 a. m., curious phenomenon. Met a sea gull flying backward!"

That meant that the machine, flying at the rate of about 80 miles an hour, overtook a sea gull—which is not a fast flyer—going at about 40 miles an hour, and that up in the air without any background to give a proper sense of direction, the bird looked as if it were flying toward them tail first. Probably the officer knows better now. —Youth's Companion.

Boon to Indoor Photographer.

The nitrogen-filled electric lamps have proven a boon to the indoor photographer. They are resorted to in various ways to secure improved results. It produces far more actinic rays than the ordinary incandescent light, and a room lighted by a 200-watt lamp can be photographed in a fraction of the time required with a light of the old style. In a room of ordinary size, with walls and ceiling of a medium tint, and with the camera stop open to No. 8 on the diaphragm scale, an exposure of from two to four minutes will be enough to get excellent interior views. Photographers now also use the gas-filled lamp in the daytime to illuminate dark corners and shadowy places when they are taking indoor views.

NOTICE.

In the Court of Common Pleas of Adams County, Pa.

Nettie V. Myers vs. Leroy Myers.

To Leroy G. Myers, respondent:

Whereas Nettie V. Myers, your wife, has filed a libel in divorce in the Court of Common Pleas of Adams County to No. 4, August Term, 1917, praying a divorce against you, you are hereby notified to appear in said court on or before the Fourth Monday of January, 1918, being the 28th day of January, 1918, to answer to the complaint of the said Nettie V. Myers, if you have any to make and in default of such appearance you will be liable to have a divorce granted in your absence.

H. J. HARTMAN,
Sheriff.

Wm. Arch. McClean,
Atty. for Libellant.

Dec. 22, 1917.

ADMINISTRATOR'S NOTICE

Letters of administration on the estate of Francis R. Berry, late of the Township of Reading, Adams county, Pa., deceased, having been granted to the undersigned, all persons indebted to said estate are requested to make immediate payment and those having claims to present them properly authenticated.

CHESTER O. CHRONISTER,
Administrator,
Hampton, Pa.

Or his Atty.,
Wm. Arch. McClean, Esq.,
Gettysburg, Pa

WE WANT [illegible] town where we are [illegible] TABLETS [illegible] Constipation [illegible] and Dyspepsia. [illegible] price for pamphlets, REE SAMPLES. [illegible] BROWN'S HERB CO. 66 Murray St. New York C[illegible]

RAGS WANTED

"BLUE BONNETS"—*A New Fabric with New Features.*

"Blue Bonnets" meets the needs of the woman who wants a beautiful, durable fabric that wears without wrinkling, repels dust and launders perfectly. Admirably adapted for tailor-made dresses, sport coats and skirts, childrens garments, petticoats, etc. Also draperies, furniture coverings etc. Guaranteed dye fast and durable. Wide variety of exquisite patterns.

If your dealer doesn't carry "Blue Bonnets" send us this ad with name of dealer and we will send him samples and notify him of your request.

LESHER WHITMAN & CO. Inc., 881 Broadway, New York

THE HIGH COST OF LIVING

And How to Reduce It.

Buy a 35 foot lot of ground, big enough for a double house, 180 feet in depth—on the installment plan—$1.00 per week - - - - - - -

Then raise high priced potatoes, onions, cabbage, and other vegetables at half the present selling price.

The saving as compared with present high priced vegetables ought to go a great way towards paying for the lot of ground. - - - - - -

Lots are located on East Middle, Hanover, York, Railroad, Water, Fourth and Fifth streets. - -

For further particulars call on or address

MARTIN WINTER

Gettysburg - - - - - Pennsylvania

NEW LEGAL BLANKS

USE THE COMPILER

New Short Form Deeds

Ruled Deeds to be filled by Pen, Unruled Deeds for the Typewriter. New lot just finished at the

Compiler Print Shop

On Coupon Bond paper, no better paper made, a high priced, tough, all linen paper. Prices low and right.

Call and get a supply at

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NEWSPAPERARCHIVE®
NEWSPAPERARCHIVE®

SPRING SALE LIST.

Saturday, February 2.
Clarence Shultz—Menallen—Taylor.
Charles Moose—Tyrone—Thompson.
Daniel Kuntz Heirs—near Idaville.

Tuesday, February 5.
Harry Veiner—Straban—Trostle.

Thursday, February 7.
John Miller—Highland—Zimmerman.

Saturday, February 9.
N. M. Straley, Admr.—East Berlin.

Thursday, February 14.
A. C. Dukehart—Tyrone—Thompson.

Saturday, February 16.
Susan Smith Estate—Germany.
Clinton McKonley—Hamilton.

Tuesday, February 19.
L. H. Miller—Mt. Pleasant—Thompson.

Wednesday, February 20.
Daniel Chronister—Reading.
Marks Gordon—Highland—McDermitt.

Thursday, February 21.
Norman Z. Reinecker—Huntington—Slaybaugh.

Thursday, February 21.
Mrs. Dennis Fissel—Mt. Joy—Thompson.
Wm. H. Spear—Mt. Joy.

Friday, February 22.
Mervin Topper—Straban—Thompson
Emory Kuhn—near Biglerville.

Saturday, February 23.
Mervin Decker—Huntington—Slaybaugh.
C. D. Laughman—Reading.
John Miller—near Abbottstown.

Monday, February 25.
J. F. Sprenkle—Straban—Thompson.

Tuesday, February 26.
F. F. McDermitt—Highland—Taylor.
Harry Parr—Germany.
Harry L. Sanders—Hamiltonban—Crouse.
H. L. Sponseller—Mt. Pleasant—Thompson.
Charles Harnerstock — Butler—Slaybaugh.

Wednesday, February 27.
[illegible] Cashman—Straban—Thompson.

Thursday, February 28.
[illegible] W. Groscost—Tyrone—Thompson.
[illegible] D. H[illegible]—Mt. Joy—Spangler.
[illegible] A. McNair—Freedom—Caldwell.

Friday, March 1.
Barnes & Cromer—Hamiltonban.
Bert Eisenhart—near East Berlin.
George Jefferat — Mt. Pleasant — [illegible].

Saturday, March 2.
[illegible]—Menallen—Slaybaugh.
[illegible]—Hamilton.

Monday, March 4.
[illegible] Cleaver—Straban—Thompson.
[illegible]—near New Oxford.

Tuesday, March 5.
William Decker—Mt. Pleasant—Thompson.
David Ogden—Menallen—Slaybaugh.
Jacob M. Miller—near Sell's Station.

Wednesday, March 6.
[illegible] E. Wolfert—Hamiltonban—McDermitt.
E. A. Walker—Tyrone—Thompson.
Acker Bros.—Menallen—Slaybaugh.

Thursday, March 7.
Samuel T. Fair Estate—Latimore—Harbold.
H. B. Shenaker — Hamiltonban — Crouse.
McDonnell Bros.—Aspersville—Taylor.
John Harner—Mt. Joy—Thompson.
N. Z. Reinecker—Huntington—Slaybaugh.

Friday, March 8.
F. J. Schriver—Huntington—Thompson.
Mrs. M. R. Snyder—Mt. Joy—Smith.
C. A. Feeser—Union—Thompson.
John E. Krug—Oxford.

Saturday, March 9.
G. W. Bowers—Mt. Joy.
Geo. Groscost—Straban—Thompson.
W. E. Bosserman—Reading.
William A. Kline—Five Points—Reading.
Samuel Ziegler—Hamilton.

Monday, March 11.
M. O. Stull—Cumberland.
A. J. Thompson—near East Berlin.
Wilmer Bream—Butler—Slaybaugh.

Tuesday, March 12.
Albert J. Bair—Union.
John Herring—Liberty—McDermitt
Isaiah Harner & Son—Mt. Joy.
Mrs. M. E. Group—Tyrone—Slaybaugh.
Geo. D. Thomas—Cumberland—Caldwell.
P. E. Comfort—near Bermudian.
I. V. Noel—Mt. Pleasant—Thompson.

Wednesday, March 13.
Mrs. C. J. Bosserman—Reading.
H. W. Group—Straban—Trimmer.
J. Z. Chronister—York Springs—Slaybaugh.
M. A. L. Trostle—near Littlestown—Thompson.
Peter Trostle—Franklin—Slaybaugh.

Thursday, March 14.
Curwin Feeser—Germany—Thompson.
Samuel Black—Menallen—Taylor.
C. H. Feeser—Germany—Thompson.
FosterBeard — Cumberland — Caldwell.
J. L. Chronister—near York Springs—Slaybaugh.

Friday, March 15.
Samuel Bair—Conewago.
Rev. A. Stewart Hartman—Mt. Joy—Thompson.
Harry Routsong — Menallen—Slaybaugh.

Saturday, March 16.
George Wherley—Germany.
Jere D. Slaier—Tyrone—Slaybaugh
Jeremiah Taylor—Menallen—Taylor.
Shultz & Mehring—Mt. Pleasant—Thompson.

Monday, March 18.
M. L. Fraim—Center Mills—Slaybaugh.
Frank T. Miller—Mt. Pleasant—Thompson.

Tuesday, March 19.
Bert R. Feiser—Reading.
Chas. D. Sell—Germany.
William Lady—Butler—Taylor.
F. A. Coulson—Latimore—Slaybaugh
D. C. Shanebrook—Mt. Pleasant—Thompson.
Harry Tieman—near Oxford.

Wednesday, March 20.
R. W. Rouzer—Butler.
John V. Eyler—Mt. Joy—Collins.
William Stover—Franklin—Taylor.
A. H. Sherman—Union.
George Groscost—Straban—Thompson.

Thursday, March 21.
D. E. Brown—Reading.
A. U. Appler—Mt. Joy—Lightner.
Formwalt & Reinecker—Union.
Patterson Bros. — Emmitsburg — Crouse & Smith.
Elmer J. Altland—Mt. Pleasant—Thompson.
George Hartman—Menallen—Taylor.
John Fahnestock—Huntington—Slaybaugh.

Friday, March 22.
W. J. Beamer—Mt. Pleasant—Trostle.
G. C. Hoover—near Hampton.
Moses M. Black Estate—Menallen—Taylor.
Wm. P. Allison—Hamiltonban.
Geo. Basehoar—Gettysburg—Lightner.
G. A. Eckenrode—Tyrone—Thompson.

Saturday, March 23.
E. R. Stavely—Germany.
Crist Guise—Huntington.
Paul Zepp—Tyrone—Slaybaugh.
Ellis Schwartz—Mt. Joy—Thompson.

Monday, March 25.
W. A. McIlhenny—Straban—Thompson.
John Glass—near Oxford.

Tuesday, March 26.
J. E. Cleveland—Straban—Thompson.
Hiram Heller—Menallen—Slaybaugh.

Wednesday, March 27.
Baker Lerew—Hamilton.
Leo Tipton — Cumberland—McDermitt.
John Bream—Highland—Anthony.
Ed. Trostle—Straban—Thompson.

Thursday, March 28.
C. C. Brown—East Berlin.
H. H. Diehl—New Oxford—Thompson.

1918 Political Calendar.

In a booklet just out of the State Printery, George D. Thorn, chief clerk in the State Department, an authority on Pennsylvania election laws, gives much valuable information relative to the elections of the year.

In condensed form, the political calendar, as [illegible] by Mr. Thorn, is as follows:

Spring primary election, Tuesday, May 21.

General election, Tuesday, November 5.

First day for securing signatures to petitions to be filed with the Secretary of the Commonwealth, Saturday, March 2.

Last day for filing petitions with the Secretary of the Commonwealth for nominations for the primary, Thursday, April 11.

First day to secure signatures on petitions to be filed with the County Commissioners, Thursday, March 14.

Last day for filing petitions with the County Commissioners, Tuesday, April 23.

Last day for filing nomination papers by independent bodies of citizens for any office, Friday, September 6.

Last days to be assessed for November election are Tuesday and Wednesday, September 3 and 4. Assessors sit at polling places on these days.

Last day to be registered, for voters who were not registered for the November election of 1917, in Philadelphia, Pittsburgh and Scranton for the spring primary, Wednesday, April 17.

Last day to be registered for the spring primary in all other cities, Wednesday, May 1.

First day to be registered for the November election in any city, Thursday, September 5.

Second day, Tuesday, Sept. 17.

Third day, Saturday, October 5.

Last days for enrollment in boroughs and townships, March 19 and 20.

Last day to pay tax to qualify for the November election Saturday, October 5.

Last day when candidates may withdraw, before the primary, Friday, April 12, up to 4 p. m.

Last day for filing statement of expenses for the primary, Wednesday, June 5.

Last day for filing statement of expenses for the November election, Thursday, December 5.

Candidates for the following offices are to be nominated at the spring primary: Governor, Lieutenant Governor, Secretary of Internal Affairs, Judge of the Superior Court, nonpartisan; four Representatives in Congress-at-Large, one Representative in Congress in each congressional district, one Senator in the General Assembly in each even-numbered senatorial district, which excludes the Adams-Franklin district, and in each county or representative district the number of Representatives in the General Assembly apportioned by law, totaling 207.

Party officers will be chosen under party rules at the spring primary, committeemen, state delegates, county chairman where elected, etc.

Local Farmers to Get Nitrate.

Notice has been given to H. F. Hershey, agricultural agent for Adams county, that the U. S. Department of Agriculture will sell at cost a supply of nitrate of soda to farmers in Adams county.

The nitrate was purchased through the War Industries Board under the authority of the Food Control Act as a part of the program for stimulating agricultural production. It will be unloaded at Atlantic ports and the price will be $75.00 a ton free on board cars at port of arrival. Farmers are to pay in addition freight from port of arrival and the State fertilizer tag fee.

Applications for a part of the 100,000 tons of nitrate bought by the government will be received only from actual farmers or owners or holders of farms for use on their land, and may be made through County Agent H. F. Hershey, Gettysburg, or through any member of the local committee consisting of J. L. Butt, Gettysburg, C. J. Tyson, Flora Dale, Elmer Buckey, Littlestown, and D. M. Sheely, McKnightstown.

No money will be required with the application but upon notice from the county agent farmers who have signed applications must deposit with a local bank, designated by the Secretary of Agriculture to act as the farmers' agent for that purpose, money to cover the cost of the nitrate except the freight charge. After the money is transmitted to Washington the nitrate will be shipped to the farmers. If applications for nitrate exceed the supply of about 100,000 tons the government will allot the supply on a pro rata basis among those who applied. Application must be received by Feb 4.

Smilage is the Latest.

To provide high-class entertainment for the soldier boys in the National Army Cantonments and National Guard Camps, "Smilage Books" are now on sale in 17,000 communities throughout the United States.

This unique "Smilage Book" plan makes it easy for the families, employers and friends back home to supply their soldiers with books of tickets to the splendid entertainments that will be given regularly in these camps.

A "Smileage Book" of 20 coupons costs $1.00.

A "Smilage Book" of 50 coupons costs $5.00.

The "Smilage Book" campaign is under the auspices of the Military Entertainment Council, War Commission on Training Camp Activities appointed by Secretary Baker.

The leading lyceum and chautauqua bureaus, many theatrical performers and managers, vaudeville interests and the actors' clubs, are cooperating whole-heartedly to make this great undertaking tremendously successful.

They have made it possible to present attractions of the highest excellence at a cost of from five cents to twenty-five cents admission.

The "Liberty Theatres" seating 3,000 soldiers, have been erected by the War Department in each of the sixteen cantonments, the "Liberty Auditoriums" and "Liberty Tents" in the Southern camps provide ample facilities for the entertainments.

All of the accounts will be audited by the War Department.

The Military Entertainment Council is not duplicating the work of any of the other agencies.

Its mission is to dispense smiles and happy laughter, to satisfy the craving for wholesome and cheerful entertainment.

Raised a Big Ambulance Fund.

Aside from the commercial and military aid that the motion picture camera is rendering this war, it is actively engaged in doing a most humane work for the wounded. A cinematograph ambulance fund was recently started in England for the purpose of equipping and sending to the front fifty modern ambulances which cost $1,800 each. "The industry," says H. H. Van Loan, in an article in the March Motion Picture Magazine, "raised $150,000 toward the purchase of these ambulances and the maintenance of an efficient corps of surgeons and nurses. Although credit is given to the British exhibitors for starting the fund, they received a big boost from their brother exhibitors in America. Many exhibitors in the United States sent in large donations to help this cause and over six thousand Motion Picture theatres in the United States and Great Britain recently gave an entire day's receipts to the fund.

Special Monday Schedule on W. M.

In observance of the Monday Fuel Order the Western Maryland Railway will cancel two trains between Highfield and York every Monday from now until March 25th. The trains cut off will be the morning train at 8.50 for York and the evening train at 6.18 for Highfield. The schedule for the rest of the week will remain the same.

The Western Marylyand is also arranging a schedule over their Main Line by which it is proposed to give this branch better mail service. Two trains on the Main Line will be restored, making connection at Highfield with the morning and evening trains to Gettysburg, and city mail and papers will be routed this way.

College Will Close May 17.

Commencement Day at Gettysburg College wil be on Friday, May 17, according to action of Faculty, being submitted to Board of Trustees. This is in line with recommendations at recent meeting of College Presidents and in answer to petition of students. The commencement exercises will be confined to a Baccalaureate Sunday and Commencement Day Exercises.

A Souvenir from France.

Mrs. J. A. Smiley received a letter from her son, H. A. Smiley, with the 304th Field Bakery, containing an attractive souvenir from "somewhere in France." It was a fine silk handkerchief, lace trimmed and in the one corner is embroidered the national bouquet of France showing the blue cornflower, the white daisy and the red poppy.

When Your Child Cries

at night and tosses restlessly, you feel worried. Mother Gray's Sweet Powders for Children Break up Colds in 24 hours, relieve Feverishness, Constipation, Teething Disorders, and destroy worms. Used by Mothers for 30 years. All Druggists, 25c. Sample FREE. A. S. Olmstead, LeRoy, N. Y.

First Aviation Unit.

Adams county sent off its first aviation unit on Wednesday morning. The volunteers were escorted to the train by the College Band and a company of students. There were eight members in the unit. They went to the recruiting station at Harrisburg and will likely be sent to Texas. The following composed the unit: John L. Bowers, Harry E. Pittenturf, John E. Rider, J. L. Wisler, Ivan L. Collins, Carleton Mumper, Russell Golden, and John Lawver.

G. W. WEAVER & SON G. W. WEAVER & SON

Dry Goods Department Store

Our Carpet and House-furnishing Department is now better stocked than ever before, and has few equals outside of the larger cities in Variety of Stock and Lowness of Prices.

Rugs of Every Kind

Our stock of RUGS for this season is exceptional for beauty and variety, even for us, in all sizes. Contracts made six months, and in some cases a year ago bring to you much lower prices than are available in the markets of today.

When you buy an Axminster Rug from us of any size, you get service and beauty, as we show no poor grades, at less than the prices usually quoted elsewhere—with a variety of over fifty patterns to choose from.

Room Size Rugs

sizes 8:3x10:6, 9x12, 10:6x13:6, to 14 and 15 ft. long.

High Grade Wool and Fiber Rugs

In Room Sizes. A special contract for a large quantity permits us to show an unusual line of patterns, at unusually low prices.

Congoleum Rugs and Yard Goods
Linoleums, Neponset

In a wonderful line of patterns, A variety of widths as well as grades.

Fiber and Straw Mattings
Ingrain and Rag Carpets and Rugs

Everything in Floor Covering.

Drapery and Shades of Every Character

CRETONNES—for every use. Curtain Scrims and Nets. Printed Goods for Windows, &c.. &c.

OUR SHADE WORK is given Special Attention

If you have a difficult job of window shading—SEE US.

Sweepers Vacuum Cleaners Dusters,

Whether you are going to furnish a house in full, or need but a single item, you can rely upon the LOWEST PRICE and get QUALITY.

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G. W. WEAVER & SON

NEWSPAPERARCHIVE®

Gettysburg Compiler
Gettysburg, Pa.

WM. ARCH. MCCLEAN.....Editor

SATURDAY, FEB 2, 1917

PRESIDENT WILSON APPEALS

FOR MORE FOOD SAVING IN EVERY HOUSEHOLD.

Two Wheatless, One Meatless and One Porkless Day Each Week, and One Wheatless Meal a Day.

Many causes have contributed to create the necessity for a more intensive effort on the part of our people to save food in order that we may supply our associates in the war with the sustenance vitally necessary to them in these days of privation and stress. The reduced productivity of Europe, because of the large diversion of man-power to the war; the partial failure of harvests and the elimination of the more distant markets for foodstuffs through the destruction of shipping place the burden of their subsistence very largely on our shoulders.

The food administration has formulated suggestions which, if followed, will enable us to meet this great responsibility without any real inconvenience on our part.

In order that we may reduce our consumption of wheat and wheat products by 30 per cent—a reduction imperatively necessary to provide the supply for overseas—wholesalers, jobbers and retailers should purchase and resell to their customers only 70 per cent of the amounts used in 1917.

All manufacturers of alimentary pastes, biscuits, crackers, pastry and breakfast cereals reduce their purchases and consumption of wheat and wheat flour to 70 per cent of their 1917 requirements and all bakers of bread and rolls to 80 per cent of their current requirements. Consumers should reduce their purchases of wheat products for home preparation to at most 70 per cent of those of last year, or, when buying bread, should purchase mixed-cereal breads from the bakers.

To provide sufficient cereal food, homes, public eating places, dealers and manufacturers should substitute potatoes, vegetables, corn, barley, oats and rice products and the mixed-cereal bread and other products of the bakers which contain an admixture of other cereals.

In order that consumption may be restricted to this extent Mondays and Wednesdays should be observed as wheatless days each week and one meal each day should be observed as a wheatless meal.

In both homes and public eating places, in order to reduce the consumption of beef ,pork and sheep products, Tuesday should be observed as meatless day in each week and one wheatless meal should be observed in each day, while, in addition, Saturday in each week should further be observed as a day upon which there should be no consumption of pork products.

A continued economy in the use of sugar will be necessary until later in the year.

It is imperative that all waste and unnecessary consumption of all sorts of foodstuffs should be rigidly eliminated.

The maintenance of the health and strength of our own people is vitally necessary at this time, and there should be no dangerous restriction of the food supply; but the elimination of every sort of waste and the substitution of other commodities, of which we have more abundant supplies for those which we need to save, will in no way impair the strength of our people and will enable us to meet one of the most pressing obligations of the war.

I, therefore, in the national interest, take the liberty of calling upon every loyal American to take fully to heart the suggestions which are being circulated by the food administration and of begging that they be followed. I am confident that the great body of our women, who have labored so loyally in co-operation with the food administration for the success of food conservation, will strengthen their efforts and will take it as a part of their burden in this period of national service to see that the above suggestions are observed throughout the land.

WOODROW WILSON.

The White House,
January 18, 1918.

Bendersville License.

The hearing of the Bausman case for liquor license for Bendersville was taken up on Thursday and evidence was completed the same day and case argued on Friday morning. Court adjourned then until Saturday morning when a decision will likely be made.

Bad Blood

is a poisonous and dangerous thing. It affects every organ and function and brings about that low condition that predisposes to most diseases and ailments. HOOD'S SARSAPARILLA corrects it, and makes pure blood.

WORK OF GRIM REAPER.

(Continued from page 1)

first wife was Miss Katherine Buhrman, of Fountaindale, who died in 1866, and later he married Miss Amanda Hofleigh, of Fountaindale, who died four years ago. He leaves three daughters.

Mrs. John McGlaughlin died suddenly at her Fairfield home on Monday. She had carried an armful of wood into the house and as she laid it down fell over dead. She was in her 70th year. Funeral on Friday, interment in Fairfield Cemetery. Her maiden name was Maria Elizabeth Myers. She leaves her husband and the following sons and daughters: Herbert McGlaughlin, of Highfield; Edward McGlaughlin, of Emmitsburg; Miss Mollie McGlaughlin, at home; Mrs. Allie Zaring and Sherman McGlaughlin, of Johnstown; Mrs. Lula Littlle, of Michigan; Miss Minnie Kinnard and Mrs. Mattie Etter, of Middletown. Mrs. McGlaughlin also leaves three sisters: Mrs. Mina Hoke, of Abbottstown; Mrs. Phoebe Eckert, of Getttysburg, and Mrs. Millie Fowler, of West Virginia.

George W. Plank, of Freedom township, died last Saturday in Frederick Hospital in his 69th year. The funeral was on Wednesday with interment in Evergreen Cemetery of Gettysburg. He leaves his wife, who before marriage was Miss Jennie Bowling, and these sons and daughters: Mervin Plank and Howard Plank, of Harrisburg; John Plank, of York; Clarence Plank, of New Oxford; Mrs. Harry Riley, of Fairfield; Mrs. Claire Cramer, of Center county; Miss Bessie Plank, at home. He also leaves two brothers, Aaron Plank, residing in the State of Washington, and Henry Plank, of Freedom township.

Earl Myers, a private in the National Army at Camp Greene, N. C., he was a son of Mr. and Mrs. John F. Myers of McSherrystown. The body was sent to his home with a death certificate saying death was result of "an abdominal hemorrhage from a ruptured kidney due to traumatism, (injury or wound caused by violence) from a cause unknown." It is said the soldier's death is being investigated. High mass of requiem was celebrated in St. Mary's Church, McSherrystown, by Rev. Fr. Reudter and interment was made in St. Mary's Cemetery. He leaves his parents and these brothers and sisters: Clarence E. Myers, Co. B, 59th U. S. Inf., at Camp Greene; Harry J. Myers and Mrs. Charles Mummert, of Lancaster; Raymond L. Myers, of Hanover; Regina L. Myers, Ruth J. Myers, and Goldie M. Myers, at home.

Mrs. S. V. Doll, wife of Samuel Doll, of Frederick, died on Tuesday night from apoplexy. She was a frequent visitor to this place, being an aunt of Mrs. J. L. Butt, of Carlisle street. The funeral was held on Friday in Frederick.

William King, a Civil War veteran, died in East Berlin on Tuesday from dropsy in his 86th year. He lived all his life in and near that place. He leaves to survive him the following children: John, of York Springs; Andrew and Howard, of East Berlin; Anna, at home, and Mrs. Alice Chronister, of Reading township.

John J. Baker, of Virginia Mills, died on Tuesday from heart trouble in his 55th year. The funeral was held on Thursday with interment at Fairfield. He leaves his wife, Mary C. Baker; these daughters, Mrs. Bernard McKenrick, of Waynesboro; Mrs. Clain McCleaf and Mrs. Mervin Singley, of Fairfield; Annie and Pauline Baker, at home; and these sons, Harry E. Baker, of Harrisburg; Ellis, Clarence, Emory, Paul, John and Donald Baker, at home. He also leaves two sisters, Mrs. Jacob Kump and Mrs. Jacob Hoffman.

Arthur L. Stoner, youngest son of Mr. and Mrs. C. A. Stoner, of Baltimore street, died on Saturday from pneumonia aged 1 year, 3 months and 17 days. The funeral was held on Tuesday, services by Rev. J. B. Baker and interment in the Evergreen Cemetery. He is survived by his parents, four brothers and four sisters.

Annie Catherine Bunty, wife of Harry J. Bunty, of McSherrystown, died on Wednesday after a two weeks' illness in her 46th year. She was a Miss Roth of McSherrystown, and married Mr. Bunty 20 years ago and enjoyed the respect of all who knew her. The funeral will be held Saturday at 9 A. M. with high mass of requiem by Rev. Fr. Reudter and interment in St. Mary's Cemetery. She leaves besides her husband two brothers and a sister, Henry J. Roth and John F. Roth, and Miss Agnes Roth, of McSherrystown.

John Willis Smith of York Springs, died on Wednesday in his 56th year. He was born in York Springs and except for a period when he worked at cigarmaking trade in Hanover, lived in town where he died. He was assistant postmaster at York Springs for 18 years. The funeral was held on Friday and interment in Presbyterian Cemetery of that place. He leaves his wife, a son and a daughter: George Smith, residing at home, and Mrs. James Becker, of Five Points. He also leaves two brothers, George Smith, of Harrisburg, and J. F. Smith, of Progress.

Richard C. Klunk, son of E. G. and Catherine Klunk, of Mt. Rock, died on Sunday from pneumonia aged 2 months and 3 days. Funeral and interment at Conewago Chapel.

Infant daughter of Mr. and Mrs. James McInire, of East Berlin died last Friday from pneumonia, aged 3 months.

Edgar Lyle Seabrook, only child of Mr. and Mrs. Paul Seabrook, of Fountaindale, died on last Thursday, aged 8 days. Interment was in cemetery at Fountaindale.

FARM PRODUCTS SHOW.

Adams County Farm Agent Hershey Helps to Pull Off Big Show.

H. F. Hershey, agricultural agent for Adams county is the Secretary of the State Horticultural Association and in a large measure had charge of the Farm Products Show at Harrisburg last week. The show was a big success, exhibition was fine and the meetings and addresses were largely attended, and spoken of in highest terms. Mr. Hershey was re-elected Secretary of the State Association.

Adams county carried off no prizes or honors in the exhibits of corn, wool, butter, vegetables, eggs and dressed poultry. The county lost to Perry county the apple championship for many years. There is nothing the matter with the Adams county apples, there are no better but the growers failed to make a display this year. When one is at the top of the pile, it should be more publicity and not less, and there should be no let up at any and all times of the propaganda that the Adams county apple is the best that grows. The hundreds of acres of young orchards are crying for continued publicity of the Adams county apple. The apple awards made to the county are as follows:

Best exhibit of 3 barrels of apples—any 3 varieties: First, H. M. Keller, Gettysburg.

Best collection of 5 barrels of apples of one commercial variety: First H. M. Keller, Gettysburg.

Best exhibit of one box varieties:

Black Wing—First Tyson Bros., Floradale.

Grimes—Second, Tyson Bros., Floradale.

Stayman—First, Tyson Bros., Floradale.

Best exhibit of 3 boxes of apples of any three varieties: First, Tyson Bros., Flora Dale.

Best 5 boxes of apples of one variety: First, Tyson Bros., Floradale.

Best plate 5 specimens:

Delicious—First, Tyson Bros., Floradale.

Stayman—First, Tyson Bros., Floradale.

Best 3 plates of apples—3 varieties: Second, H. M. Keller, Gettysburg.

Best collection of 5 plates of apples—one variety.

Delicious—First, Tyson Bros., Floradale.

Yorks—First, H. M. Keller, Gettysburg.

Stayman—First, Tyson Bros., Floradale.

County Association Championship First Perry County Fruit Growers Association, second Adams County Fruit Growers' Association.

Clean White Rags Wanted at this office.

BESSIE TODDES GUILTY.

(Continued from page 1).

ceased, for irregularities, and rule was issued to show cause.

The report of John L. Hill, Esq., auditor to audit the public offices of Prothonotary, Clerk of the Court, and Register and Recorder was filed.

The petition of the Penn Box Co. for dissolution of corporation was presented and ordered to be heard on March 4th after notice in two papers.

An inquest in lunacy on Mary A. Sheely, daughter of the late Joseph Sheely, of Mt. Pleasant township, was awarded and will be heard by one of the associate judges and a jury of six men on Saturday.

The report of Charles E. Stahle, commissioner, was filed in the matter of the inquiry into lunacy of Mary Gertrude Ertter, daughter of the late A. J. Smith, of this place.

Harry B. Fritz and Richard J. Hankey were discharged as administrators of Lucy A. Fritz, deceased.

The report of road view in Liberty township was continued because the view could not be completed on account of inclement weather.

The report of road view in Straban and Reading townships was confirmed nisi.

An appeal has been taken to the Supreme Court in the case of Annie J. Eline vs. W. M. R. R., in which the jury awarded plaintiff a verdict of $10,000.

The Trial List of Civil Cases contained eleven cases. Of these three were settled, namely, Frank E. Gardner vs. Jennie E. Bush, an action of trespass. The First National Bank of Holoyoke, Colorado vs. Edward L. Dick, and Alma V. Dick, assumpsit, and Mary Sneeringer vs. George E. Wherley, a trespass case.

Engagement Announced.

Mr. and Mrs. Charles Deardorff, Hanover street, have announced the engagement of their daughter, Miss Marian Deardorff, to Alfred Martin Jenson, of Hartford, Conn. Miss Deardorff is at present in Philadelphia where she is head nurse in her department of the Methodist Hospital.

Going Out Of Business

Everything must be sold in Thirty Days

ALL the GOODS

Men's and Boy's Clothing and Furnishings
Ladies' Ready to Wear Garments
Ladies' Misses' and Children's Shoes

and FIXTURES

Show Cases Counters Store fixtures of all kinds

Sale to begin on Saturday January 26

Store open every evening except
Monday during the SALE

Cut Price Outfitters

No. 9 CHAMBERSBURG ST.

NEWSPAPERARCHIVE®

Western Maryland Ry.

EFFECTIVE JAN. 6, 1918.

Subject to change without notice.

8.50 a. m. Daily except Sunday, for Hanover, York and intermediate points.

9.55 a. m. Daily for Hagerstown, Waynesboro, Chambersburg, Hancock, Cumberland, Pittsburgh, Chicago and the West, also Elkins and intermediate points.

6.13 p. m. Daily, for Hanover, Baltimore and intermediate stations

6.18 p. m. Daily except Sunday, for Hagerstown and intermediate stations.

S. ENNES, Gen. M'gr. C. F. STEWART, Gen. Pass. Agt.

Coughs Kill If You Let Them.

Instead kill your Cough with DR. KING'S NEW DISCOVERY. It heals Irritated Throat and Lungs. Thousands in last 40 years benefited by

Dr. King's New Discovery

Money Back If It Fails

All Druggists 50c. and $1.00

WILSON'S REMEDY

EFFICIENT IN

BRONCHITIS, CONSUMPTION, ASTHMA

CATARRH, GRIPPE, STUBBORN COUGHS, ETC.

From a Minister in New York: "I was severely ill with lung trouble. My attention was directed to the Wilson Remedy. To each I used with splendid effect."

From a lady in Michigan: "I had a cough for first 43 or 44 years of my life. Wilson's Remedy saved me from ending my days with consumption. There would be less consumption if more people doing with consumption had been prescribed to try Wilson's Remedy."

If you are suffering from any form of lung trouble, we will send for free full [illegible]

Wilson's Remedy, Westwood, N. J.

"URIC ACID NEVER CAUSED RHEUMATISM"

I WANT to prove to every Rheumatic reader of this paper that the cause of RHEUMATISM—its Cause and Cure—has been found. Write me today for Free Book, etc. Dept. [illegible] JESSE M. CASE Stockton, Calif. Dept. 841

FALSE TEETH We pay up to $12 for old or broken sets. Send Parcel Post or write for particulars.

Domestic Supply Co. Dept. 24 Binghamton, N. Y.

EXECUTOR'S NOTICE.

Notice is hereby given that letters testamentary on the estate of Kate McCreary, late of the Borough of Gettysburg, Adams county, Pa., deceased, have been granted to the undersigned and all persons indebted are required to make immediate payment and those having claims to present them in legal form to

WM. ARCH. McCLEAN,
Executor,
Gettysburg, Pa

ADMINISTRATOR'S NOTICE

Estate of H. A. Underwood, deceased, late of the Borough of York Springs, County of Adams, State of Pennsylvania. Letters of administration on the above estate having been duly granted to the undersigned, all persons indebted to the said estate are requested to make payment and those having claims to present the same without delay to

H. A. CLINE,
Administrator,
Gardners, Pa.

Or his Atty.,
Wm. Arch. McClean, Esq.,
Gettysburg, Pa.

RECEIVER'S NOTICE.

In the Court of Common Pleas of Adams County, In equity.

C. J. Weaner having been appointed receiver of the New Oxford Pure Feed Company on December 15, 1917, with order directing all property of said corporation to be turned over to him and restraining interference, hereby gives notice to all creditors of the above corporation to immediately file a statement and proof of their claims with the undersigned receiver.

C. J. WEANER,
Receiver.

New Oxford, Pa., Dec 19, 1917.

ADMINISTRATORS' NOTICE

Letters of administration on the estate of Rebecca Cooley, late of Bendersville Borough, Adams county, Pa., deceased, having been granted to the undersigned, all persons indebted to said estate are requested to make immediate payment and those having claims to present them properly authenticated

JOHN A. WEIGLE,
Administrator,
Bendersville, Pa

Or his Attty.,
John D. Keph,
Gettysburg, Pa

SALESMEN Wanted to sell Nursery Stock of every description. You can't miss a sale for want of the variety—Fruit and Ornamental Trees, Shrubs, Vines, etc. Liberal commission from the start, with exclusive territory to live men only at once. No previous experience necessary. Address

C. W. Stuart & Co., Dept. B, Newark, New York.

Advertise in the COMPILER

TRAPPING OF MONKEYS EASY

Curiosity, Greed and Imitative Faculty of Animals Furnish Vulnerable Point of Attack.

When we see in the street an organ-grinder with his little red-capped pet monkey, we seldom stop to think of the animal's native home or how it was trapped. As a matter of fact, the monkey came from Asia, Africa or South America. The last-mentioned have nostrils widely separated whereas the old world monkeys have them close with a narrow nasal septum.

One might readily imagine that the trapping of monkeys is a difficult operation. However, nothing could be further from the truth than this hypothesis. Monkeys are easily caught, not by heavily built traps, but by sheer ingenuity and the simplest sort of artifices. A monkey has various vulnerable points of attack, so to speak; and these are cupidity, curiosity, covetousness or greed, and a truly wonderful imitative faculty.

A trapper can take a pair of boots into the jungle, drop them down within sight of a monkey and soon have that monkey in a cage. The boots on his feet appear to be the same as the boots he leaves; but here is where the monkey is mistaken. As soon as the visitor goes away, the monkey descends from some tree and thrusts his own feet into the boots. The inside is covered with glue, and he sticks fast; also the boots are weighted with lead and chained together.

The trapper may chain a gourd, filled with corn or some other eatable, to a heavy log. Mr. Monkey comes along, tastes the food, relishes it, and wants more. There is no limit to his greed. He thrusts his hand into the small opening in the gourd and his fingers close around a large supply of the food. Then he finds himself unable to withdraw his hand. The trapper advances and captures Mr. Monkey, because the animal's thinking-cap and his insatiable greed are such that the simple expedient of releasing the food never occurs to him as a means of escape.

ONCE BUSY CITY NOW QUIET

Wisby Has Little to Show That It Was at One Time Liveliest Place of Its Size in Europe.

To the eastward of Sweden, in the inhospitable Baltic, lies the great island of Gothland, with its capital of Wisby. Little visited and little known, Wisby is one of the most interesting cities of northern Europe. It is in the track of half the Russian and Scandinavian sea commerce, but few ships make the land today in which was once the busiest of northern harbors.

Land at Wisby and you find a quiet little city with ivy-covered houses and gardens of roses, going about its unimportant affairs in an atmosphere of placid calm. It takes a considerable effort of the imagination to call up a picture of the times when Wisby was to the Baltic and the North sea what Venice in the height of her power was to the Mediterranean. Wisby in those days was the wealthiest and livelier city of its size in Europe.

The men of Wisby seem to have been traders from the beginning. Back in the ancient Norse chronicles there is mention made of Wisby galleys that went all over the known globe and traded the treasures of the Levant with Norse kings. Today they are still digging about in a desultory way on the island in search of historical relics and the shovels bring up coins of all the ancient nations—coins of old Britain, of barbarian Russia, of the lumberless German states, of France and Spain and north Africa. Wisby gathered the gold of every land with her venturous trading keels, in times when a little business trip had as much romance and danger as the forays of a knight errant fighting over his lady's eyebrow.

"Slavery" in South America.

Timid, cringing, taking off his hat respectfully to every white man he meets, the Indian of the west coast of South America is a pitiable object, says World Outlook.

In the cities he shares with the burro the honor of being everybody's burden bearer. No one but an Indian will be seen with even the smallest package and you can engage a descendant of the "children of the sun" to carry home anything from half a pound of tea to a 200-pound trunk. You pay him what you will, he dares not chaffer about price with a white man.

On the great plantations and in the mines the Indian is a virtual slave. There is no free agricultural labor on the west coast. Four days a week, the peon must work for the great land holders at the munificent wage of ten cents a day. The rest of the time he may devote to his own acre or two which must feed and clothe his family.

An Observing Male.

The lady lecturer had got her second wind. She was going strong.

"Yes," she cried, waving her arms "women have been wronged for ages. They have suffered in a thousand ways."

She paused a moment to let this momentous statement sink in.

"There's one way which they have never suffered," breathed a meek little man.

The lady lecturer fixed him with a baleful eye.

"And what way is that?" she hissed.

"They have never suffered in silence."

Doctors Don't Know Everything.

"I thought you told me that your doctor had ordered you to quit drinking?" said Smith.

"Aw, these doctors don't know what they are talking about," replied Brown, as he stirred his highball. "I quit drinking for two days and I didn't feel a bit better."

MOVED WELL INTO THE ROAD

Experience of Ezra Tetlow Proves That Well Is Not Always a Permanent Fixture.

There is an old story about a man who pulled up a well and took it to a more desirable location; and another about the man who took up a well, sawed it in sections, and used one of the sections for a mantel piece. They are exaggerations, but the experience of Ezra Tetlow proves that a well cannot always be considered as a permanent fixture. Ezra had a well in front of his house. It had never been used since the Flats wanted it filled up. One would have been to haul stone and use the material to fill it. But Ezra had no team.

So he went at it with a shovel. Working on the side of the well next to the road, he began to dig and to throw the dirt into the well. He kept this up until he had filled it, which was not a difficult job, as the well was rather shallow.

But when the task seemed finished, Ezra found that he had made a new hole by the side of the one he had been filling. There was but one thing to do; he proceeded to fill it in the same manner. Of course, this resulted in still another excavation, which in turn received similar treatment.

As all of Ezra's digging had been on the side of the well nearest the road, the result was that the hole in the ground was finally moved out into the highway.

Judson Tolliver was commenting on the exploit one day down at the Corners. "Queer thing Ezra did," he remarked. "You know that old well that stood in his front yard? Well, sir, he's moved it thirty feet from where it was; moved it clear out into the road!"

"How'd he do it?" inquired another representative citizen.

"You'll have to ask Ezra," replied Judson. "But he did it, sure enough. I saw the well in the road yesterday, and I saw the track he made movin' it. The thing plowed a furrow four feet wide all the way."—Youth's Companion.

OPOSSUM HAS QUEER TRAITS

Slow-Moving, Stupid Animal, One of the Most Widely Known in America.

The Virginia opossums (the only species [illegible]) have from one to fourteen young, which at first are naked, featherless little objects, so firmly attached to the teats in their mother's pouch that they cannot be shaken loose. Later, when they obtain a coating of hair, they are miniature replicas of the adults, but continue to occupy the pouch until the swarming family becomes too large for it. The free toes of opossums are used like hands for grasping, and the young cling firmly to the fur of their [illegible] being carried about in her wanderings. They are rather slow-moving, stupid animals, which seek safety by adhering nocturnal habits and by [illegible] when overtaken by an [illegible]. His feet trait gives origin to the term, "playing possum."

[illegible] at daybreak I once encountered an unusually large old male opossum on his way home from a night in the forest. When we met he promptly stopped and stood with hanging head and tail and half-closed eyes. I looked up and, after watching him for several minutes without seeing the slightest movement, put my foot [illegible] his side and gave a slight push. He promptly fell flat and lay stiff and apparently dead.

The opossum has long been a favorite game animal in the Southern states, and figures largely in the songs and folk-lore of the Southern negroes. In addition, its remarkable characteristics have excited so much popular interest that it has become one of the most widely known of American animals.—National Geographic Magazine.

A Legend.

Once upon a time the python did not have to depend upon its strength to kill its enemies. The story says that this huge serpent was the only one of the big snake family that was poisonous, and he was so terrible that he could kill a man by biting his footprints in the earth.

The crow was just as mischievous a bird then as now. One day he watched for the python, and when he was under the tree where the bird was perched, Mr. Crow had a brilliant idea. So he told the python that the last man whose footprints he had bitten had not died. He was alive and perfectly well. This was too much for the python's pride. He spat out all of the poison and the other snakes swallowed it, so that they became the poisonous ones and the python was left with only his enormous strength as his weapon. From this time on he had to crush the life out of his victims.

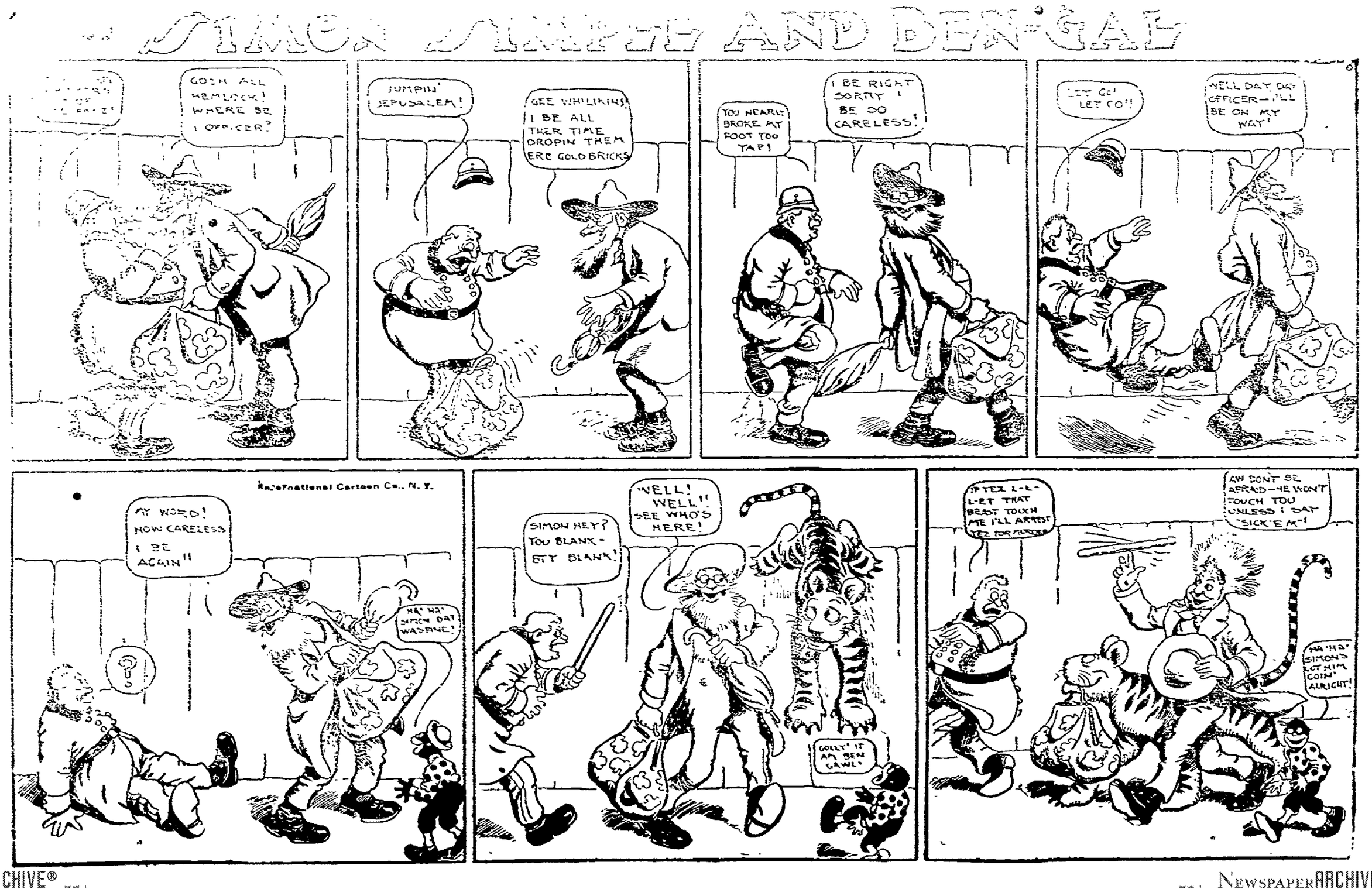
Electricity Routs Drudgery.

Household drudgery is being rapidly lessened by electricity. A recently invented electric rubber cleaner cleans 5,000 square feet of floor in an hour, and this is followed by an electric floor polisher that does in a few minutes what formerly required hours of tedious manual labor. The machine is [illegible] in the nearest lamp socket. The brush, being spun over the floor at a speed provided by a heavy bristle brush having 3,000 revolutions per minute, polishes a smooth and [illegible] finish no hand except [illegible] can.

The Difference.

"How would you answer the old question about the difference between a politician and a statesman?"

"I should say," replied Senator Sorghum, "that a politician tries to give people anything they want and a statesman tries to give them what they will approve of, after they've got it."



NewspaperARCHIVE® NewspaperARCHIVE®

Gregory Fuller, Model

By Osborn Jones

(Copyright, 1917, by the McClure Newspaper Syndicate.)

There were twelve high-backed rocking chairs on the boarding house veranda, and in each of those chairs sat a woman, varying in age and figure all the way from the six-year lassie, who sat bolt upright, with her chubby bare legs crossed tailor fashion under her, as she laboriously plied the stitches of a wash cloth with her rosy fingers, down, or rather up, to Mrs. Van der Hayden, who looked as we who have never seen a duchess at close range imagine duchesses of threescore and more all do look—portly and haughty and serene. She was knitting an aviator's helmet. All in all, there were twenty-four needles clicking and, save when some one stopped to count stitches, there were half as many tongues gently wagging.

No wonder, then, that the two unattached males whom unkind fate had condemned to abide in the one boarding house in town preferred to smoke their pipes and read their papers on the wooden settle down by the gate of the old house. Except for the fact that they were doomed to share the same bench in this ostracism, there was little in common between Gregory Fuller and the other young man, who sought to entertain and impress Gregory with his social conquests in his home town.

Still, when the young man went for a week-end to that home town, presumably to score a few more triumphs, Gregory felt doubly oppressed in his ostracism; and without knowing just how things stood between Gregory and Margery Drake—the little twenty-year-old school teacher that sat up there in the third chair from Mrs. Van der Hayden and knitted sleeveless sweaters—you might have wondered why he did not seek some other place to spend his Saturday afternoon than down there on the hard wooden bench by the fence, with only a magazine and a pipe to console him. Down there at least he was unobserved, or thought he was, and he could be sure that Margery was safe. He had little reason to feel jealousy, for, except for his erstwhile companion who had gone home for the week-end, Gregory was about the only eligible male in the community.

"Do you know, I think there must be something wrong with those directions," it was the shrill treble of Mrs. Jones—the angular blonde lady with the bediamonded fingers who sat next to Margery. "I have followed them faithfully—bound off thirty-two stitches for the head, knitted five ribs, and then set on thirty-two stitches again, and will you look at the size of the neck?"

Margery beside her compared her own nearly completed sweater with her neighbor's. "Mine is just the same size. I took it for granted that the rules were right."

"But I can't get it over my head at all," exclaimed Mrs. Smith as she seized Margery's sweater and tried to pull it over her blonde pompadour.

"Of course you can't," reproved the duchess, pausing as she counted stitches—"twenty-three, twenty-four, twenty-five—with your hair done over a rat of course your head is larger than a man's."

"You don't suppose I do such a thing," gasped Mrs. Smith. "Though I will admit that my hair is very thick and that may take up more room. But even if my hair is full, don't you think a man's ears are big and would take the extra room in slipping it on? I always think men's ears are very big."

"I have noticed that Mr. Smith's are," suggested the duchess, still counting.

"If we could only try the sweater on a real man," sighed Mrs. Smith. "It's too bad my husband is a traveling man. He's the only husband in the house and he is away."

"But there are other men," suggested Mrs. Van der Hayden.

"Not Mr. Fuller," gasped Margery. "Please don't let's ask him." She had seen at least eight pairs of eyes cast in the direction of the little wooden bench and its solitary occupant. It was too late and useless to protest for the portly Mrs. Van der Hayden had risen and beckoning with her large angular hand, she called: "Young man, Mr. Fuller, will you step this way," and then, feeling that her word was law, she sank down into her chair again: "Seventy-eight, seventy-nine, eighty," she counted.

Gregory rose and came up the steps to the porch and, as the twenty-four needles ceased to click and half as many pairs of feminine eyes were leveled upon him, he felt the color rise in his cheeks and unconsciously

"You are an awkward young man, aren't you?" [illegible] the duchess as if she were asking a new gardener whether he could cut the grass.

"Well, [illegible] you let these ladies try their sweaters on you?"

Then the fitting process began and the only consolation that came to Gregory was the knowledge that Margery was busying conscientiously and because he knew that the first sweater that was tried on him was made by Margery's fair hands.

"Yes, I think his ears stick out a bit, too," commented Mrs. Van der Hayden, "but then I suppose the average soldier could have the same defect. I remember the trouble in my boys—made them sleep in our bonnets when they were little." Here she tugged regardless of Gregory's features and got the sweater over. Then taking it off again—"and now my good man will you wait a minute till I try this helmet on you. First, I must count the stitches to make sure I haven't lost one."

"Would you awfully mind taking off your shoe," a quiet little lady in black piped up. "I'm not at all sure about the length of this sock."

Gregory was still obliging, and tried on several pairs of socks and then a pair of wristlets, and finally Mrs. Van der Hayden's helmet while his dark locks, usually lying as close to his head as a duck's feathers to its back were disheveled and towseled, and he was limping with one shoe off, for the duchess had given him no time to put his shoe back again.

"It's funny we never thought of getting you to do this before," Mrs. Smith said cheerfully. "You have seemed so lonely down there. Oh, would you awfully mind holding my next skein of yarn? I can use the back of a chair, but I'm sure you would be lots more intelligent about keeping out the knots."

"Thank you," murmured Gregory, and as he looked up at Margery's face he caught just the suspicion of a twinkle in her soft brown eyes.

Perhaps it took as much courage for Gregory to do what he next did as anything he had ever done before in his life—for it does take more courage than some men possess to say the first words to the girls they love when some quarrel, groundless or otherwise, has broken the cord of their friendship. At any rate, when he had finished holding Mrs. Smith's yarn, he deliberately took a skein of the same sort of gray yarn from Margery's work bag, and there, before all the boarders, said to Margery, "Now, let me hold this for you. I am better than a chair; Mrs. Smith will vouch for that."

The rest was easy enough. Margery wound the yarn very prettily, and thanked Gregory with all her old winsomeness when it was done. There were more socks and sweaters to be tried on and more yarn to be wound for the other women in the twelve chairs. And so passed Gregory's Saturday afternoon.

Somehow he managed that evening to ask Margery to stroll around the block with him, and then they sat together on the little wooden bench by the gate.

"Thank fortune tomorrow's Sunday," Gregory said. "You won't have to knit then and perhaps I can get you to go up the river—a little picnic would be good fun this time of the year."

"But we can knit for soldiers on Sunday," insisted Margery. "Even Mrs. Van der Hayden says so. Her minister told her it made a difference."

"She's a cool proposition," Gregory murmured.

"Yes, there are always people like her in every boarding house," replied Margery.

"So much the worse for boarding houses," was Gregory's rejoinder. "Somehow I feel that if it hadn't been for those women, especially that duchess, you and I would have made up long ago. But with their eyes on us, how could we? Margery, do you think my ears are so awfully big?" This with an emphasis on the "you" that indicated that no one's opinion but Margery's counted.

"Boarding houses are dreadful," Margery cooed after assuring Gregory that his ears were ideal.

"Then don't let's live in 'em any more. Let's get married and have a cottage of our own."

"Gregory, how lovely!"

About that time the portly duchess clad in her black china silk bath robe tiptoed across the hall to Mrs. Smith's room. Mrs. Smith was removing the rat from her bountiful blonde hair.

"It's done," exclaimed the duchess, "I knew it when he started to wind her yarn and they're sitting out on the wooden bench now. Well, I'm mighty glad. A boarding house is no place for young people like that anyway."

"It takes you to be a match maker," sighed Mrs. Smith, and then, as she brushed out the golden switch that she had just unpinned, "you were a wretch to tell them all I wore a rat. But I'll forgive you this time."

Lime Water.

Lime water does not look unlike the ordinary fluid which comes from the faucet. It is mildly bitter in its taste and its properties are antiacid and astringent. It is because of this antiacid or alkaline property that it is given in milk or plain water when there is a tendency to sour stomach, nausea or vomiting. The sour or acid condition is corrected and a slightly tonic and soothing effect exerted.

Unless one has an opportunity to get pure, clean lime, it is a better to buy lime water than to try to make it, as it is very inexpensive. If, however, you wish to prepare it at home, take two teaspoonfuls of slaked lime and add to one pint of boiled or distilled water. Lime used for this purpose should be that prepared from marble or chalk rather than the common building lime.—Exchange.

What Did She Mean?

Congressman Ill[illegible] — Bill Smith wants [illegible] kind him a job—says that he voted for me.

Wife—And how can such a bonehead expect to hold down a job?

Hot Times.

"[illegible] this is [illegible] making it warm for the motorists."

"Yes; they are only getting roasted by the girls [illegible] scorching themselves."

No false pretense has marked the career of Ely's Cream Balm. Being entirely harmless, it is not responsible like the catarrh snuffs and powders, for minds shattered by cocaine. The great virtue of Ely's Cream Balm is that it speedily and completely overcomes nasal catarrh and hay fever. Back of this statement is the testimony of thousands and a reputation of many years' success. All druggists, 50c, or mailed by Ely Bros., 56 Warren Street, New York.

J. R. Hantz, rural carrier on one of the routes from the Fairfield office, has been transferred to Dillsburg, Pa., the change to be made on Feb. 3. Mr. Hantz entered the service at York Springs when the rural routes were established during the summer of 1901 and when his route was discontinued two years ago he was transferred to Fairfield.

Now is the Time to be Careful.

Avoid imitations or substitutes, get the genuine Foley's Honey and Tar, and you have a cough medicine you can depend upon. It gives prompt relief, clears throat, loosens phlegm, soothes lungs. Checks coughs, colds, whooping cough, la grippe, bronchial coughs. Contains no opiates. People's Drug Store.

[illegible] F. Naugle, rural carrier on route No. 2 from York Springs, had a narrow escape from serious injury one day recently when a tin shed [illegible] suddenly collapsed, one of the timber fixed timbers striking him on the shoulder and knocking him down. The force of the blow cut through his overcoat, coat and vest, barely grazing his shoulder. His left ear was painfully cut and he was pinned underneath the roof for about a quarter of an hour before his wife heard him calling and helped him [illegible]

Reason Enthroned.

[illegible] meats are so tasty they are eaten in great excess. This leads to stomach troubles, biliousness and constipation. Revise your diet, be reason and not a pampered appetite control, then take a few doses of Chamberlain's Stomach and Liver Tablets and you will soon be well again. Try it. For sale at the People's Drug Store. Samples free.

FOLEY KIDNEY PILLS
FOR BACKACHE KIDNEYS AND BLADDER
Advertisement.

A meeting of Gettysburg Classis of the Reformed Church was held on Wednesday evening in Hanover, when Rev. V. G. Hartman, of the Cashtown charge was dismissed to the Lancaster Classis, as pastor of the Millersville charge. A committee of supply for the Cashtown charge was appointed consisting of Rev. T. C. Hesson, Rev. Andrew Smith and Elder Charles Rebert.

About Constipation.

Certain articles of diet tend to check movements of the bowels. The most common of these are cheese, tea and boiled milk. On the other hand raw fruits, especially apples and bananas also graham bread and whole wheat bread promote a movement of the bowels. When the bowels are badly constipated however, the sure way is to take one or two of Chamberlain's Tablets immediately after supper.

Harvey W. Herman, of near New Chester, has purchased the farm of John Gochenour, near Five Points. The farm contains about 200 acres. Terms private.

Eczema spreads rapidly; itching almost drives you mad. For quick relief Doan's Ointment is well recommended. 60c at all stores.

Chamberlain's Tablets.

These Tablets are intended especially for disorders of the stomach, liver and bowels. If you are troubled with heartburn, indigestion or constipation they will do you good.

Woman loves a clear rosy complexion. Burdock Blood Bitters is splendid for purifying the blood, clearing the skin, restoring sound digestion. All druggists sell it. Price $1.25.

Eight per cent. of the 9,586,508 men registered under the selective service law are colored. Of these nearly 200,000 have been called and more than 75,000 have been certified for service. Out of every 100 colored men called, 36 were certified for service and 64 were rejected, exempted, or discharged, while out of every 100 white citizens called, 25 were certified for service.

Stop the "Snuffles"
If you want to make your distressed child happy and comfortable, give Foley's Honey and Tar. It [illegible] what they ought to have for "croup, cough, colds, "snuffles," and tightness in chest. It stops croup, heals the lungs. Foley's Honey and Tar is good for grown folks, too. Children like it. It contains no opiates or other harmful drugs. Refuse substitutes. Insist on genuine Foley's Honey and Tar. Sold everywhere. Take no other. Be sure it is Foley's Honey and Tar that you ask for when you want a cough medicine. Refuse substitutes.
Advertisement.

FOLEY'S HONEY AND TAR
stops the cough and heals lungs
Advertisement.

$100 Reward, $100

The readers of this paper will be pleased to learn that there is at least one dreaded disease that science has been able to cure in all its stages and that is catarrh. Catarrh being greatly influenced by constitutional conditions requires constitutional treatment. Hall's Catarrh Medicine is taken internally and acts thru the Blood on the Mucous Surfaces of the System thereby destroying the foundation of the disease, giving the patient strength by building up the constitution and assisting nature in doing its work. The proprietors have so much faith in the curative powers of Hall's Catarrh Medicine that they offer One Hundred Dollars for any case that it fails to cure. Send for list of testimonials.
Address F. J. CHENEY & CO., Toledo, Ohio. Sold by all Druggist, 75c.
Advertisement.

The Lenten season this year will be an early one. According to the church calendars, Ash Wednesday will occur this year on February 13; the first Sunday of Lent will fall on February 17; and Easter Sunday will occur on the 31st or last day of March.

Women Want the Best.

Woman is more finely constructed than man and she requires the best to be had in medicines when her system becomes disordered. Foley's Kidney Pills help the kidneys, cleanse the blood of impurities that cause aches and pains in muscles and joints, backache, rheumatic pains and dullness under eyes. People's Drug Store.

Word has been received of the safe arrival in France of John McGuiness who left Allentown four weeks ago with the hospital unit. Mr. McGuiness is a son of Mr. and Mrs. George McGuiness, of Littlestown.

CROUP
Spasmodic croup is usually relieved with one application of—
Keep a Little Body-Guard in Your Home
VICKS VAPORUB
Advertisement.

The State Board of Pardons has recommended the release of Archie Clay, of Gettysburg, who was sentenced [illegible] Eastern Penitentiary [illegible] for a term of not less than two years or more than sixteen years. The offense for which he was sentenced was larceny of about $40 from the Reading Railroad station at Gettysburg on April 6 of the same year.

A Hint to the Aged.

If people past sixty years of age could be persuaded to go to bed as soon as they take cold and remain in bed for one or two days, they would recover much more quickly especially if they take Chamberlain's Cough Remedy. There would also be less danger of the cold being followed by any of the more serious diseases.

FOLEY KIDNEY PILLS
FOR BACKACHE KIDNEYS AND BLADDER
Advertisement.

The home of Edward Lerew in York Springs narrowly escaped destruction by fire on Saturday night. Mr. Lerew had placed a lighted oil stove in his cellar to keep his potatoes from freezing and about 12 o'clock he was awakened by smoke pouring in his room. He hurried to the cellar where he found flames from the oil stove shooting to the ceiling which had become ignited.

Taking baby up at night is often the cause of bad colds. Use Dr. Fahrney's Teething Syrup and stay in bed. 25 cts.

Mrs. Charles Miller, of Thomasville, has moved to the home of her grandmother, Mrs. Lewis Detter, at East Berlin, where she will make her home.

For croup or sore throat, use Dr. Thomas' Eclectic Oil. Two sizes, 30c and 60c. At all drug stores.

The day of harsh physics is gone. People want mild easy laxatives. Doan's Regulets have satisfied thousands. 30c at all drug stores.

At a joint council meeting of the East Berlin and Abbottstown Lutheran charge, held recently, John Jacobs was elected president and C. B. Yohe secretary. By action of the council the salary of the pastor, Rev. F. C. Sternat, was advanced $200, making his yearly salary $800.

CASTORIA
For Infants and Children
In Use For Over 30 Years
Always bears the Signature of Chas. H. Fletcher

FOLEY KIDNEY PILLS
FOR BACKACHE KIDNEYS AND BLADDER
Advertisement.

[illegible] Lemuel, of Bendersville, has a black Minorca hen that laid a double yolked egg three days in succession.

For that Terrible Itching.

Eczema, tetter and salt rheum keep their victims in perpetual torment. The application of Chamberlain's Salve will instantly allay this itching, and many cases have been cured by its use. For sale by the People's Drug Store.

When You Have a Cold.

It is when you have a severe cold that you appreciate the good qualities of Chamberlain's Cough Remedy. Mrs. Frank Crocker, Pana, Ill., writes: "Our five-year-old son Paul caught a severe cold last winter that settled on his lungs and he had terrible coughing spells. We were greatly worried about him as the medicine we gave him did not help him in the least. A neighbor spoke so highly of Chamberlain's Cough Remedy that I got a bottle of it. The first dose benefitted him so much that I continued giving it to him until he was cured."

Chas. B. Lighty, near East Berlin, received a dwelling house by freight. The house came in pieces and will be erected in Washington township near East Berlin.

Dr. Fahrney's Teething Syrup is the best remedy for any sickness baby gets, no matter how young or how old. Try it.

Several of the engines built in this country for Russia and diverted to American railroads after the rise of the Bolsheviki, have been received by the W. M. R. and will be used on this division.

A Word to Mothers.

Mrs. E. J. Bedard, Cowich, Wash., says: "Foley's Honey and Tar is the best I ever used. I always keep a bottle in the house for the children. A quick cure for coughs and colds." It heals raw, inflamed surfaces, loosens phlegm, eases hoarseness and difficult breathing, checks racking coughs. People's Drug Store.

C. F. Bosserman, of Huntington township, one day recently purchased two sled loads of fat hogs from Paul Zepp for $[illegible].

Cut This Out—It is Worth Money

DON'T MISS THIS. Cut out this slip, enclose with 5c to Foley & Co., 2835 Sheffield Ave., Chicago, Ill., writing your name and address clearly. You will receive in return a trial package containing Foley's Honey and Tar Compound for coughs, colds and croup; Foley Kidney Pills and Foley Cathartic Tablets. People's Drug Store.

Gen. Pershing has called for a "motor mechanics' regiment" for immediate service in France, it was announced recently. The public service reserve of the Labor Department is recruiting 7,000 specially qualified men for this regiment, which will care for America's air fleet behind the lines.

Children Cry
FOR FLETCHER'S
CASTORIA
Advertisement.

Lowell Kissinger, son of Mr. and Mrs. J. E. Kissinger, Gettysburg, has enlisted in the United States Marines and has been assigned to duty at Port Royal, S. C.

Constant Sufferer Finds Relief.

"I have been a constant sufferer from kidney trouble and was down sick in bed," writes C. F. Reynolds, 412 Herrick St., Elmira, N. Y. "I commenced taking Foley Kidney Pills. In a few days I was up out of bed." Recommended for rheumatic pains, backache, biliousness, sore muscles, stiff joints, "tired out" feeling. People's Drug Store.

Rev. V. G. Hartman and family of Fairfield left on Wednesday for their new home in Millersville.

Children Cry
FOR FLETCHER'S
CASTORIA

Dr. John T. Harbold, of Dallastown, formerly of Bermudian, was rendered unconscious and suffered slight internal injuries last Thursday when his automobile went over an embankment.

Worst Winter in Years.

Snow, wind and extreme cold caused more colds this winter than in years. Foley's Honey and Tar proved its worth in thousands of homes. Mrs. Edward Strevy, R. 37, Clinton, O., says: "I think Foley's Honey and Tar is the only medicine for coughs and colds and recommend it highly." Fine for children. People's Drug Store.

Wm. L. Kimmel, of Route 1, East Berlin, has been granted the power of attorney to close up the estate of the late Mrs. Sarah A. Kimmel, of Latimore township.

FOLEY KIDNEY PILLS
FOR BACKACHE KIDNEYS AND BLADDER
Advertisement.

PARKER'S HAIR BALSAM
A toilet preparation of merit.
Helps to eradicate dandruff.
For Restoring Color and Beauty to Gray or Faded Hair.
50c and $1.00 at Druggists.
Advertisement.

Miss Eileen Kieg, daughter of Dr. A. C. Kieg, of Mechanicstown, entertained a class at the [illegible] on Friday evening.

Children Cry
FOR FLETCHER'S
CASTORIA
Advertisement.

FOLEY CATHARTIC TABLETS
Sweet Stomach Laxative. Inner Action Does Regular

Professional Card

S. McC. Swope J. Donald Swope
Late Pres. Judge.
ATTORNEYS-AT-LAW,
Office Warner Building, Baltimore St.

Chas. B. Stouffer, D.D.S.
DENTIST, GETTYSBURG, PA.
Office Second Floor of Star and Sentinel Building, Balto. St.

John D. Keith
ATTORNEY-AT-LAW, GETTYSBURG, PA.
Office First National Bank Building, Centre Square.

S. S. Neely
ATTORNEY-AT-LAW, GETTYSBURG, PA.
Office in Star and Sentinel Building, 2nd Floor, Balto. St., over Cash Store.

Charles E. Stable
ATTORNEY-AT-LAW, GETTYSBURG, PA.
Office in First National Bank Building, Centre Square. All legal business entrusted to him will receive prompt and careful attention.

Wm. McSherry
ATTORNEY-AT-LAW, GETTYSBURG, PA.
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